

Housing and Neighborhood Development Department

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PY2021-2022

Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER)

September 28, 2022

For U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Community Planning and Development (CPD) Programs:

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)

HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) and

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)

CR-05 - Goals and Outcomes

Progress the jurisdiction has made in carrying out its strategic plan and its action plan. 91.520(a)

This could be an overview that includes major initiatives and highlights that were proposed and executed throughout the program year.

The City spent \$5,858,207 in HUD funds on the following goals established in its Consolidated Plan:

Affordable Housing - \$2,600,922 (44%)

The City continued to use the majority of its HOME and CDBG funds on affordable housing activities. Rental housing rehabilitation made up the largest housing expense and 74 HOME-assisted units were completed. Emergency/Minor Home Repairs was the second largest expense and 184 houses had repairs completed, including accessibility modifications (175 were owner-occupied and 9 were renters). Owner-occupied Housing Rehabilitation was the third largest expense and 3 LMI owner-occupied units had substantial rehabilitation completed. Five (5) units were acquired and rehabilitated by CHDOs for purchase by LMI homebuyers. Down Payment Assistance was provided for 2 purchasers of CHDO-developed housing, and Down Payment Assistance and Rehabilitation provided through one CHDO resulted in 2 units purchased by LMI homebuyers.

Homelessness - \$1,936,907 (33%)

The City spent the largest amount of its homeless funds on Emergency Shelter/Services serving 2,364 people experiencing literal homelessness. Services were provided in congregate shelters, such as traditional and *low-barrier* shelters and non-congregate shelter (NCS), such as hotel/motel rooms, to prevent spread of the COVID-19 virus. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and additional hygiene and cleaning supplies were also provided to people experiencing homelessness in both congregate and noncongregate shelter settings. Renovations of bathrooms at The Foyer (VMC) were also completed in early PY2021. Street Outreach services represents the second largest expenditure and was expanded and tailored to meet the needs of the growing unsheltered population during the program year. Outreach workers engaged more than 771 unsheltered individuals living outdoors, in cars, vacant buildings, and encampments during PY2021-2022. Rapid Re-Housing (RRH) services were provided to help 1,303 people who are literally homeless to get into permanent housing. Transitional Housing/Services, while not an eligible component category for ESG/ESG-CV funds, plays an important role when emergency shelters are at capacity. Organizations assisted a total of 333 people with Transitional Housing/Services during the program year. Other expenditures included HMIS training, tablets for Street Outreach, data collection and analysis, and an equity study on the coordinated entry system.

Neighborhood Stabilization - \$692,456 (12%)

Federal funds were expended in four main areas: COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program (301 households/531 people), housing stability case management to 57 households/99 individuals, Mobile

Meals to assist 204 homebound-seniors with delivery of nutritious food, and design and technical assistance to 11 projects in redevelopment areas.

Economic Opportunity- \$276,105 (5%)

Organizations provided workforce development to 136 (mostly extremely low-income) individuals and case management and financial coaching to 6 very low-income families. Construction work through CDBG-funded emergency and minor home repair programs supported nine Section 3 Workers and three Targeted Section 3 Workers, creating a total of 3,088 Section 3 Worker Hours and 982.25 Targeted Section 3 Worker Hours. HOME-funded construction activities (multifamily rental rehabilitation) supported six Section 3 Workers by paying for 1,326.59 Section 3 Worker labor hours. NHI's CDBG-funded KnoxWorx workforce development program trained 80 disenfranchised, young adults (also Targeted Section 3 Workers).

and

Grants/Program Administration - \$351,817 (6% overall)

Comparison of the proposed versus actual outcomes for each outcome measure submitted with the consolidated plan and explain, if applicable, why progress was not made toward meeting goals and objectives. 91.520(g)

Categories, priority levels, funding sources and amounts, outcomes/objectives, goal outcome indicators, units of measure, targets, actual outcomes/outputs, and percentage completed for each of the grantee's program year goals.

The table below does not include CARES Act (CDBG-CV and ESG-CV) funds/accomplishments.

Goal/Activity	Source / Amount in PY2021- 2022	Unit of Measure	Expected – Strategic Plan	Actual – Strategic Plan	Percent Complete	Expected – Program Year	Actual – Program Year	Percent Complete
	CDBG:							
Admin	\$267,129							
/ Commi	ESG:							
	\$11,268							
Affordable		Household						
Housing/	HOME:	Housing						
CHDO –	\$186,237	Unit –	28	13	46.4%	6	3	50%
Owner-	7100,237	Owner-						
occupants		occupants						

Neighborhood Stabilization/ Design and Technical Assistance	CDBG: \$36,329	Other	65	25	38.5%	13	11	84.6%
Affordable Housing/Down Payment and Closing Cost Assistance	CDBG: \$26,000 HOME: \$26,713	Households Assisted	31	8	26%	7	4	57%
Affordable Housing/ Emergency Home Repairs	CDBG: \$500,000	Household Housing Unit	750	316	42.1%	150	107	71.3%
Homelessness/ Rapid Re- housing	ESG: \$35,486	Households Assisted	895	390	44%	95	67	70.5%
Homelessness/ Emergency Shelter Services	ESG: \$90,151	Persons Assisted	0	373		200	373	186.5%
Affordable Housing/ Housing Program Delivery	CDBG: \$288,336 HOME: \$205,063	Other						
Affordable	CDBG:	Household Housing Unit - Renters	35	13	37%	7	9	128.5%
Housing/Minor Home Repairs	\$262,050	Household Housing Unit- Owner- occupants	188	136	72.3%	60	68	101.5%
Affordable Housing/ Owner- occupied Housing Rehabilitation	CDBG: \$7,718 HOME: \$371,508	Household Housing Unit	75	6	8.%	15	3	20%
Neighborhood Stabilization/ Public Facility or Infrastructure	CDBG: \$0	Persons Assisted	300	0	0%	1609	0	0%

Public Services- Homeless Services (non LMH)	CDBG: \$99,000	Persons Assisted		139		120	139	116%
Public Services -HAP (LMH)	CDBG: \$62,281	Households Assisted		18		20	18	90%
Economic Dev./Public Services - Workforce Development	CDBG: \$276,105	Persons Assisted	383	280	73%	140	154	110%
Affordable Housing/ Rental Housing Rehabilitation and Development (inc. CHDOs)	CDBG: \$0 HOME: \$727,297	Household Housing Unit - Renters	115	104	90.4%	40	74	185%

Table 1 - Accomplishments - Program Year & Strategic Plan to Date

Assess how the jurisdiction's use of funds, particularly CDBG, addresses the priorities and specific objectives identified in the plan, giving special attention to the highest priority activities identified.

By the end of PY2021-2022, the City spent less of its available HUD funding on affordable housing activities than planned. While applications for owner-occupied housing rehabilitation increased from the previous year, constructions costs were much higher than before the pandemic, and the work took longer to complete. The City planned to assist 16 low- and moderate-income (LMI) homeowners with substantial rehabilitation (in excess of \$25K) and 3 were completed. Five are still under construction. The goals for increasing owner-occupied housing by Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) were also not realized due to high construction costs and rising land values. CHDOs anticipated acquiring and rehabilitating or constructing 10 homes to sell to LMI homebuyers. They completed 3 units (2 are under construction). Down payment assistance to purchasers of CHDO-developed housing, likewise, was less than planned. Funds were set aside to assist 10 LMI homebuyers, but with fewer housing units completed (and at higher prices, despite the subsidy), only 2 households were assisted. Two non-profit organizations utilized trainees, volunteers, and subcontractors to complete emergency and minor home repairs (averaging less than \$5K per house) at about the same rate/cost as previous years: 190 units were planned and 184 were completed.

Despite the challenges with owner-occupied housing, CHDOs (and other developers) completed four times the proposed number of rental housing rehabilitation units (19 units planned, 74 completed). This was partly due to three multi-family rental rehabilitation projects that were started in the previous year

but completing during the 2021-2022 program year.

CDBG funds are the most flexible HUD funding source and can fund a wide range of projects/activities from affordable housing acquisition and rehabilitation, public facility and infrastructure, and economic development to public services (though public services are capped to 15%). Funds can also be spent on grant administration (capped at 20%). HUD lifted the 15% public service cap for CDBG-CV funds (and for PY2019-2020 and PY2020-2021 CDBG funds) in order to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19.

The total amount of CDBG (including CDBG-CV) available to commit in PY2021-2022 was \$4,313,112.03: \$1,814,182 from the PY2021-2022 HUD CDBG allocation; \$1,999,143.88 in CARES Act supplemental CDBG (CDBG-CV) Round 1 and Round 3 funds; \$399,786.15 in unspent prior year funds; and \$100,000 in estimated program income. The City spent a total of \$2,601,458.76 (~60%) of these funds during the year, \$1,711,653.27 less than what was budgeted.

Of the total allocation (\$2,889,714) of CDBG-CV funds, expenditures of \$890,570.12 were reported in the PY2020-2021 CAPER, leaving \$1,999,143.88 available for PY2021-2022. A total of \$776,511.39 were spent in PY2021-2022: \$267,828.85 supported 468 households with housing stabilization services; \$226,018.01 supported 121 youth with housing stabilization case management; \$100,000 provided the preparation/delivery of nutritious meals to 204 homebound elderly households; \$97,975.86 supported 31 youth experiencing homelessness in transitional housing; \$84,688.67 was used for grant administration; and lastly, \$237,310.26 (along with \$72,689.74 in CDBG funds) was set aside for the expansion of the Mobile Meals Kitchen.

HOME commitments and expenditures, as well as goals and accomplishments are listed in section CR-15.

The total amount of ESG (including ESG-CV) available to commit in PY2021-2022 was \$2,200,173.79: \$150,252 from the PY2021-2022 HUD ESG allocation and \$2,049,921.79 in CARES Act supplemental ESG (ESG-CV) Round 1 and Round 2 funds were available to spend. The City spent \$1,739,932.94 (~80%) during the year. The SAGE Report (attached) provides more detail.

CR-10 - Racial and Ethnic composition of families assisted

Describe the families assisted (including the racial and ethnic status of families assisted). 91.520(a)

	CDBG	HOME	ESG
White	803	36	2,598
Black or African American	668	40	1,417
Asian	1	0	13
American Indian or American Native	0	0	44
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0	13
Total	1,472	76	4,085
Hispanic	11	1	246
Not Hispanic	1,461	75	3,949

Table 2 – Table of assistance to racial and ethnic populations by source of funds

Narrative

The City and its subrecipient partners served a total of 1,278 households with CDBG and CDBG-CV funds, though demographics were tracked by number of people (1,510 people). Not shown in the table above are people who identify as: 32 "Other" race(s); 5 Black/African American and White/Caucasian; and 1 American Indian/Alaskan Native and White/Caucasian who were assisted with CDBG funds.

A total of 77 households (not individuals) were served with HOME funds. Not included in the table above is one household that identified as American Indian/Native Alaskan and Black/African American.

A total of 4,195 individuals were served with ESG and ESG-CV funds. Missing from the above table are 110 people who identified themselves as "Other" race(s).

CR-15 - Resources and Investments 91.520(a)

Identify the resources made available

Source of Funds	Source	Resources Made Available	Amount Expended During Program Year
CDBG	public - federal	4,322,599	2,601,459
HOME	public - federal	3,184,360	1,516,818
ESG	public - federal	2,200,174	1,739,933

Table 3 - Resources Made Available

Narrative

Without CARES Act (CDBG-CV and ESG-CV), the amounts are:

CDBG:	\$2,313,968	\$1,824,947
HOME:	\$3,184,360	\$1,516,818
ESG:	\$ 150,252	\$ 136,905

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) allocated \$3,089,305 to the City of Knoxville for its *regular* annual allotment of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) and HOME Investment Partnerships Grant (HOME) funds. Other resources include \$2,459,274.69 in unexpended prior year funds: CDBG (\$399,786.15), HOME and HOME program income (\$2,059,488.54).

The City of Knoxville had Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) resources of \$4,322,599.10 available in PY2021-2022: A HUD CDBG allocation of \$1,814,182; remaining HUD CARES Act CDBG-CV funds in the amount of \$1,999,143.88; CDBG program income in the amount of \$109,487.07 (\$9,487.07 more than estimated); and \$399,786.15 in unspent CDBG from prior years. CDBG and CDBG-CV funds in the amount of \$2,601,458.57 were spent on: Emergency and Minor Home Repairs (\$762,050 or 29%); Administration (\$351,817.48 or 8%); COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program (\$318,109.45 or 7%); Housing Rehabilitation/Development activities (\$296,054.19 or < 11%); Workforce Development (\$276,105 or 6%); Case Management for Housing Stability (\$238,018.01 or 5.5%); Homeless Services (\$196,975.86 or 4.5%); Mobile Meals (\$100,000 or 2%); Design and Technical Assistance (\$36,328.77 or 1%); and Down Payment Assistance and Rehabilitation (\$26,000 or <1%). Remaining CDBG funds (\$1,721,140.34) are committed to projects that have not yet completed or are budgeted to PY2022-2023 activities.

The City had HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) resources of \$3,184,359.54: HUD allocation of \$1,124,871; \$776,145.62 in program income (\$276,145.62 more than estimated) and \$1,559,488.54 in unspent prior year HOME and HOME program income. The City spent \$1,516,818.10 (100%) of its HOME funds on affordable housing activities: CHDO-developed or rehabilitated rental housing (\$606,692.58 or 40%); Owner-occupied rehabilitation (\$371,508.28 or 24%); Program delivery expenses (\$205,063 or 6%); CHDO-developed or rehabilitated owner-occupied housing (\$186,237 or 12%); Rental housing

rehabilitation (\$120,604.24 or 8%); and Down payment assistance (\$26,713 or < 1%). HOME funds remaining (\$1,667,541.44) are committed to projects that have not yet been completed or are budgeted to PY2022-2023 activities.

The City had total Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) resources of \$2,200,173.79 available in PY2021-2022: a HUD ESG allocation of \$150,252 and remaining HUD CARES Act ESG-CV funds of \$2,049,921.79. The City spent \$1,739,932.94 (100%) in ESG funds on: Emergency Shelter/Services (\$770,269.57 or 44%); Rapid Re-Housing (\$437,498.62 or 25%); Street Outreach (\$199,230.33 or 11.5%); Transitional Housing ** (\$92,509.40 or 5%); HMIS (\$123,872.75 or 7%); and Program administration (\$116,552.27 or 7%). ESG funds remaining (\$460,240.85) are committed to projects that have not yet completed or are budgeted to PY2021-2022 activities. \$150,520 of City General Funds were used on homeless activities to meet the ESG match requirement. **The YWCA's program was provided an exemption by HUD.

Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments

Target Area Planned Percentage Allocation		Actual Percentage of Allocation	Narrative Description
			Geographic Target Area
City of Knoxville	100	100	1

Table 4 – Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments

Narrative

As land values continue to increase, developers of new housing are challenged to find properties that are buildable, available, correctly zoned (or can be), and affordable to construct – not to mention managing complex funding requirements and deadlines. The City also requires that ARD/AHF-funded projects be accessible to public transit. Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) and other non-profit developers acquiring existing housing for HUD-funded substantial rehabilitation, for rent or sale, face equally challenging obstacles. These challenges include: managing construction costs and the "unknowns" of existing building conditions; a significant shortage of qualified contractors; keeping costs low to keep units affordable to LMI households within HUD subsidy limits; and not displacing current residents (if present) and finding homes/properties in neighborhoods in which people desire to live.

Housing activities where LMI households complete applications for assistance, such as owner-occupied housing rehabilitation and emergency/minor home repair occur anywhere within the city. While preference cannot be given to applicants based on location (or any other factor, other than program eligibility requirements regarding income, credit, work needed, etc.), the City affirmatively markets its programs to Census Tracts with a higher proportion of minority populations. In the attachment (draft CAPER), is a map based on the composite of *housing need* criteria and affordable housing dollars spent in the program year. Affordable *housing need* is quantified using a composite score that factors in the share of the population living in poverty, the share of families with low-income (≤ 80% of Area Median

Income), and the share of households with selected *Housing Conditions*, including incomplete kitchens or plumbing, housing cost burden, and overcrowding in homes.

The City has several redevelopment areas that are part of a larger investment that the City has been participating in for years. These are areas that have a larger share of low-income households/high concentration of poverty, a larger share of substandard and aging housing stock, lack of services and amenities, and blighted conditions. These conditions often overlap resulting in low opportunity, low accessibility, and high vulnerability of its residents. Multiple funding sources are used and partners, such as Knoxville's Community Development Corporation (KCDC), initiate redevelopment efforts. In the former Austin Homes community, for example, the City is supporting KCDC's efforts by committing local general funds for infrastructure and development. The City also supports housing rehabilitation activities within these neighborhoods and is working to acquire and maintain blighted properties for future development potential. The City spent local general funds to support economic development initiatives in neighborhoods and redevelopment areas that are located within or adjacent to low- and moderate-income areas (LMAs) and redevelopment areas. The locally funded Commercial Facade Improvement program supports the renovation of blighted buildings into viable businesses in redevelopment areas. Neighborhood Housing Inc.'s CDBG-funded KnoxWorx program provided 80 individuals with pre-apprenticeship training, targeting Knoxville's disadvantaged young adults from inner city neighborhoods surrounding West, Austin East, and Fulton High Schools. Volunteer Ministry Center's Street Outreach program targeted outreach services to individuals who are living on the street within a two-mile radius of downtown Knoxville where the greatest concentration of homeless camps can be found.

Leveraging

Explain how federal funds leveraged additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements were satisfied, as well as how any publicly owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that were used to address the needs identified in the plan.

LMI homeowners receiving owner-occupied housing rehabilitation through the City paid back \$910,301.42 (from all sources, except other federally funded Covid-19 mortgage assistance payments) in loan payments and interest in PY2021-2012, funding more loans for LMI homeowners and affordable rental housing owners/developers and supporting grants to CAC for emergency home repairs for LMI households. CAC leveraged \$382,123.84. Neighborhood Housing, Inc. (NHI) Operation Backyard which provides minor home repairs and accessibility modifications to LMI households, leveraged \$99,000 in local funds and volunteer labor from several area churches, agencies and businesses. Leveraged HOME funds for the program year include: \$346,127.06 from CHDO homebuyers; \$1,598,949 in contributions from CHDO housing developers; \$349,553.53 from CHDO developers; \$3,401.05 from Owner Occupied Rehabilitation; and \$1,357,324.20 from non-CHDO rental projects. Finally, the City contributed \$5,030,285.17 in local funds in PY2021-2022 through the Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund.

CONNECT Ministries provided \$20,000 and CAC provided \$2,014 in leverage for the COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program. CAC provided \$310,120 in leverage for the Mobile Meals program.

The NHI Workforce Development program leveraged \$622,693.61 from the Department of Labor's YouthBuild Program, and monetary and in-kind donations. The Salvation Army's Pathway of Hope program leveraged \$58,186. The East Tennessee Community Design Center contributed \$88,000 in volunteer labor to support their design and technical assistance program.

Other social service agencies contributed funds for CDBG and CDBG-CV public services, including McNabb Center (\$78,118), KLF Bright Futures (\$57,315), and HomeSource ET (\$7,460).

The City contributed \$150,520.77 in local homeless general funds for ESG match in PY2021-2022. These dollars funded agencies providing: Emergency Shelter/Services, Transitional Housing/Services, support for CHAMP (the Coordinated Entry System) and Homeless Management Information System (KnoxHMIS). The agencies leveraged \$1,613,330.96 in other funding.

Fiscal Year Summary – HOME Match						
1. Excess match from prior Federal fiscal year	\$4,619,459					
2. Match contributed during current Federal fiscal year	\$967,689					
3. Total match available for current Federal fiscal year (Line 1 plus Line 2)	\$5,587,148					
4. Match liability for current Federal fiscal year	\$86,274					
5. Excess match carried over to next Federal fiscal year (Line 3 minus Line 4)	\$5,500,874					

Table 5 – Fiscal Year Summary - HOME Match Report

	Match Contribution for the Federal Fiscal Year								
Project No. or Other ID	Date of Contributio n	Cash (non- Federal sources)	Fo re go ne Ta xe s, Fe es , Ch ar ge s	Appraised Land/Real Property	Required Infrastruc ture	Site Preparation, Construction Materials, Donated labor	Bond Financing	Total Match	
Connecticut	01/25/202								
Avenue	2	0	0	0	0	\$8,088	0	\$8,088	
Katherine	09/09/202								
Avenue	1	0	0	0	0	\$9,601	0	\$9,601	
Linden	06/15/202								
Avenue	1	0	0	0	0	\$5,949	0	\$5,949	
	11/10/202								
Moss Grove	1	\$950,000	0	0	0	0	0	\$950,000	

Table 6 - Match Contribution for the Federal Fiscal Year

HOME MBE/WBE report

Program Income – Enter the program amounts for the reporting period								
Balance on hand at begin-ning of reporting period \$	Amount received during reporting period \$	Total amount expended during reporting period \$	Amount expended for TBRA \$	Balance on hand at end of reporting period \$				
1,255,653	776,146	556,600	0	1,475,200				

Table 7 – Program Income

	Total			ess Enterprises		White Non-
		Alaskan Native or American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	Black Non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Hispanic
Contracts	_					
Dollar						
Amount	\$593,484	0	0	0	0	\$593,484
Number	25	0	0	0	0	25
Sub-Contrac	ts					
Number	12	0	0	0	0	12
Dollar						
Amount	\$568,522	0	0	0	0	\$568,522
	Total	Women Business Enterprises	Male			
Contracts						
Dollar						
Amount	\$593,484	\$119,170	\$474,314			
Number	25	6	19			
Sub-Contrac	ts					
Number	12	2	10			
Dollar						
	1 .					

Table 8 - Minority Business and Women Business Enterprises

\$23,469

\$568,522

Amount

 Minority Owners of Rental Property – Indicate the number of HOME assisted rental property owners and the total amount of HOME funds in these rental properties assisted

 Total
 Minority Property Owners
 White Non-Alaskan

 Alaskan
 Asian or
 Black Non-Black Non

\$545,053

	Total		White Non-			
		Alaskan Native or American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	Black Non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Hispanic
Number	6	0	0	2	0	4
Dollar	\$727.207	0	0	¢E2 2E0	0	\$674.047
Amount	\$727,297	0	0	\$53,250	U	\$674,047

Table 9 – Minority Owners of Rental Property

Relocation and Real Property Acquisition – Indicate the number of persons displaced, the cost of relocation payments, the number of parcels acquired, and the cost of acquisition

Parcels Acquired	0	0
Businesses Displaced	0	0
Nonprofit Organizations		
Displaced	0	0
Households Temporarily		
Relocated, not Displaced	3	\$25,217

Households	Total		White Non-			
Displaced		Alaskan Native or American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	Black Non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Hispanic
Number	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cost	0	0	0	0	0	0

Table 10 – Relocation and Real Property Acquisition

CR-20 - Affordable Housing 91.520(b)

Evaluation of the jurisdiction's progress in providing affordable housing, including the number and types of families served, the number of extremely low-income, low-income, moderate-income, and middle-income persons served.

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of Homeless households to be		
provided affordable housing units	0	0
Number of Non-Homeless households to be		
provided affordable housing units	220	226
Number of Special-Needs households to be		
provided affordable housing units	15	39
Total	235	265

Table 11 - Number of Households

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of households supported through		
Rental Assistance	0	0
Number of households supported through		
The Production of New Units	10	2
Number of households supported through		
Rehab of Existing Units	225	263
Number of households supported through		
Acquisition of Existing Units	0	0
Total	235	265

Table 12 - Number of Households Supported

Discuss the difference between goals and outcomes and problems encountered in meeting these goals.

Not included in the table above are: 1,303 literally homeless households (900 more people than anticipated) assisted with ESG/ESG-CV funded Rapid Re-Housing services and 432 households at-risk of homelessness (53 less than anticipated) given financial assistance and/or housing stabilization counseling with CDBG-CV funds.

From the table, the City and its subgrantees exceeded its goals, described in the tables above, in every area except for the production of new units. This is primarily due to rising construction costs and home values. The City conducted an analysis of single-family, existing home sales and found that from November 2021 through January 2022, the median sales price rose just over 10% (\$19,750 increase) and through March 2022, the median sales price rose to 14.6% (\$28,300 increase). Affordable housing developers, CHDOs, and HOME grantees are struggling to keep affordable housing costs under the

HOME Maximum Purchase Price/After Rehab Value limits (not exceeding 95 percent of the area median purchase price for single family housing, as determined by HUD).

Discuss how these outcomes will impact future annual action plans.

Skyrocketing home sales costs is not a local phenomena. HUD revised its FY2022 HOME and Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Homeownership Value Limits effective June 1, 2022. In Knoxville, the median sales price was raised to \$235,000. The 95% limit after rehab value then of that being raised to \$223,000. This certainly helps with owner-occupied rehabilitation, but challenges are still present for CHDOs and others acquiring and rehabilitating properties for sale to low- and moderate-income homebuyers.

The City will continue offering its HOME-funded down payment assistance program to purchasers of CHDO-developed affordable housing, but expects rising home sales costs to continue into the future.

Include the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons served by each activity where information on income by family size is required to determine the eligibility of the activity.

Number of Households Served	CDBG Actual	HOME Actual
Extremely Low-income	332	52
Low-income	106	20
Moderate-income	61	5
Total	499	77

Table 13 - Number of Households Served

Narrative Information

Not included in the table above are households assisted with CDBG-CV funds: 702 extremely-low income; 295 low-income; and 16 moderate-income households.

From the HOME actual numbers above, 2 HOME units were vacant at the time of reporting.

CR-25 - Homeless and Other Special Needs 91.220(d, e); 91.320(d, e); 91.520(c)

Evaluate the jurisdiction's progress in meeting its specific objectives for reducing and ending homelessness through:

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

The City of Knoxville supported direct outreach to unsheltered homeless individuals through three initiatives. Using \$135,955 in local funds, the City supported two street outreach at Volunteer Ministry Center, focusing on unsheltered, chronically homeless persons in the areas near downtown Knoxville. This program specializes in connecting with people who are typically more resistant to shelter and social service programs and encourage them to access appropriate permanent housing and supportive services. Using HUD ESG-CV funding, the City expanded this program with four more outreach workers. The City also maintained an outdoor daytime "safe space" in close proximity to emergency shelter and other social service resources. The Safe Space includes access to portable and permanent restroom facilities, is monitored by security, and serves as a place to connect with social services outreach.

The City supports a Coordinated Entry System (CES) with local funding in the amount of \$90,452, in conjunction with Knoxville's Homeless Management Information System (KnoxHMIS). CES coordinates a multi-agency standardized intake system that is used to assess individual needs and vulnerability, giving priority for housing and other resources to those with the greatest need and vulnerability. CES also coordinates regular multi-agency case coordination meetings and street outreach coordination meetings.

The COVID-19 pandemic has had an enormous impact on the unsheltered population. Knoxville followed CDC guidelines and encouraged unsheltered persons to socially distance and follow other pandemic-related guidelines. The City and partner social service agencies adapted shelters and social services to follow pandemic protocols. The City of Knoxville and the Knox County Health Department supported a non-congregate "Guest House" shelter, to provide short-term shelter for people experiencing homelessness who need to quarantine.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

The City of Knoxville, with \$99,000 in CDBG funding, supported *The Foyer*, a low-barrier shelter operated by Volunteer Ministry Center. The Foyer provides up to 30 shelter beds for persons who have been resistant to or unable to access other shelter in the community. The Foyer even accommodates people with pets, which is cited as a reason some people will not use emergency shelter. Using ESG-CV funds, the City supported Knoxville-Knox County CAC who provided non-congregate shelter using hotels and motels during the pandemic.

Additionally, the City used \$351,971 in combined local general funds and HUD resources to support emergency shelter/services and transitional housing/services through: Catholic Charities Samaritan

Place, Salvation Army Joy Baker Center, Next Step Initiative's Noon's House, VMC Day Resource Center and Dental Care, and the YWCA.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: likely to become homeless after being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); and, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs

The City used CDBG/CDBG-CV to support homelessness assistance and prevention activities in the program year. CAC, Connect Ministries, and Knoxville Area Urban League provided housing assistance and programming to prevent vulnerable individuals and families from losing their housing during the pandemic.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

Rapid Re-Housing services were provided through CAC's Homeward Bound Program and the Volunteer Ministry Center (VMC) with ESG and ESG-CV funding. These programs worked to provide quick housing placements and case management for individuals and families during the pandemic.

For rapid re-housing programs, time to housing has remained roughly the same as the previous year, due primarily to the COVID-19 pandemic and the tightening housing market. Several new initiatives, including Knox County's Knox Housing Assistance ERA Program and the United Way's HouseKnox Navigator program, along with HUD-funded Rapid Re-Housing programs, are working collaboratively with the Coordinated Entry System (CHAMP) to identify and prioritize those most in need of support.

Emergency shelter programs saw a rise in "time to exit" from these programs over last year, while Transitional Housing's "time to exit" decreased. Returns to homelessness from a positive housing placement was relatively stable, rising 1.05% from the prior year's status. The negative supply of affordable housing and permanent supportive housing stock continues to be a primary challenge for moving people off the streets. UT's SWORPS program, that manages KnoxHMIS, also facilitates Knoxville's Coordinated Housing Assessment Match Plan (CHAMP), which aims to quickly assess the needs of those experiencing homelessness to match them to the most appropriate housing or community resource. Knoxville's CHAMP system is adapting a new intake and prioritization tool from a best practice in Houston, Texas to measure individual needs and help with proper housing and services

placement.

The lack of sufficient affordable housing stock continues to be a significant barrier to reducing "time to housing" and ending homelessness. The City of Knoxville is working to address this need through the initiatives described above, as well as its locally funded Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund, its HUD-funded Rental Housing Rehabilitation program, and CHDO-developed rental housing.

CR-30 - Public Housing 91.220(h); 91.320(j)

Actions taken to address the needs of public housing

Knoxville's Community Development Corporation (KCDC) is the redevelopment and public housing authority for the City of Knoxville and Knox County, Tennessee. Between KCDC managed units and vouchers, over 7,200 families are served each year. Currently KCDC's affordable housing is organized into the following housing programs: Multifamily Project-Based Rental Assistance; State Tax Credits; Low-Income Public Housing; Housing Choice Vouchers; Project Based Vouchers; and Mod-Rehab.

KCDC has primarily used the Capital Fund Program and Replacement Housing Fund grants to improve and replace deteriorating housing. In 2016, to offset the lack of federal dollars, KCDC began converting public housing in Knox County using the HUD Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program. During the current reporting period, KCDC converted an additional property to RAD PBRA—Northgate Terrace—and completed a RAD application for half of Western Heights, which is the last, single Low-Income Public Housing (LIPH) property remaining. This deal will close in late 2022. These conversions give KCDC the same options as the private sector and allow providers to leverage private capital to make improvements to the public housing stock.

KCDC has completed several other RAD-related rehab projects during this reporting period to include Love Towers, Cagle, and Isabella. Lease up of vacant units has been going on throughout the fiscal year. KCDC also completed the first phase of new construction on Austin Homes' former site. This project added 105 units to the development. These are close to 100% occupancy. This is part of a Master Plan for that community. The result will be 400 mixed income units added back to the neighborhood by approximately 2024. All tenants who moved off site returned to the site once the first 105 units were completed.

Western Heights began a neighborhood redevelopment plan during the program year, which included the addition of a Head Start childcare facility. The plan will help address the housing and economic development needs of the neighborhood, from the perspective of community experts and local residents alike. Western Heights residents were engaged throughout the development of the plan.

Actions taken to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

Residents participated and provided feedback related to KCDC's planning and implementation of projects through the Knoxville Tenant Council, site-based resident associations, Resident Neighborhood Planning Initiatives, and the Section 8 Advisory Board.

Section 8 worked with 211 participants who have completed KCDC's homeownership program as of June 2022. KCDC sets an annual goal of at least 10 additional participants being added as homeowners from this program each year.

Actions taken to provide assistance to troubled PHAs

KCDC is not designated as a troubled housing authority.

CR-35 - Other Actions 91.220(j)-(k); 91.320(i)-(j)

Actions taken to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment. 91.220 (j); 91.320 (i)

The City has undertaken the actions described in the PY2020-2024 Strategic Plan and the PY2021-2022 Action Plan, as described above, including marketing parcels through its locally funded Homemaker's Program, correcting obstacles before sale to developers, acquiring abandoned property and clearing titles, and offering subsidies to facilitate affordable development. The changes made to the City's Zoning Code in recent years also increased opportunities for the development of housing.

Actions taken to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City is addressing unmet needs through its use of HUD funds by contributing a significant amount of its own local funds, and by finding innovative ways to collaborate with other community organizations to:

- Increase the supply of new, affordable housing in all areas of the city, especially for vulnerable populations;
- Help improve the quality of the existing affordable housing stock and prevent displacement of LMI homeowners and renters in neighborhoods (including redevelopment areas) by providing housing rehabilitation, emergency and minor home repairs, weatherization/energy efficiency, accessibility modifications, and lead-based paint education and abatement;
- Increase flexibilities in the Emergency and Minor Home Repair programs so homeowners who
 need more than \$4,999 in assistance or who have home values over the \$150,000 threshold
 may still receive assistance on a case-by-case basis;
- Strategically place multi-family rental housing developments with access to sidewalks and public transit:
- Leverage volunteer and YouthBuild participant labor to keep the cost of rehabilitation and accessibility modifications low;
- Ensure quality development and revitalization projects that provide opportunities for LMI jobseekers, as well as small and minority- and women-owned businesses; and
- Support partners in preventing and ending homelessness; and generally, to improve the quality of life in the city for all residents.

Addressing the need for affordable rental housing continued to be the City's highest priority for assisting LMI residents. In May of 2021, City Council passed an ordinance to amend the City Code and create the Knoxville Affordable Housing Fund (The Fund) that established a foundation for long-term continued investment to advance affordable housing opportunities. Developed in response to and in partnership with local housing advocates, and with input and guidance of local housing stakeholders and experts,

the Fund builds upon the City's long and successful history of promoting affordable housing through the ARDF, the East Tennessee Foundation's Affordable Housing Trust Fund and many capital project investments led by private and public housing providers. The Fund establishes a minimum contribution of \$5 million per year for 10 years to support affordable housing needs of individuals and families of low- and moderate-income households. The support for the fund will come from annually appropriated City budget dollars. The City spent \$5,030,285.17 in Affordable Rental Development (ARD) funds on seven developments during the program year, three (292 units) of which were completed in PY2021-2022.

The City also provided \$4.5M in local, capital dollars (in addition to \$4.25M provided in PY2019) to KCDC for new infrastructure, including utilities, streets, and sidewalks for the first phase of housing redevelopment for Austin Homes. Construction on this phase of the residential development, begun in August 2020, is complete and includes 105-units of new mixed-income housing. Phase two of the residential development broke ground in the spring of 2021 and is expected to open in December 2022, includes 180 units of affordable housing. Phase Three, which is expected to open in 2024, will include approximately 161 new housing units, including 50 supportive housing units for low-income seniors, age 62 and older, in an independent living setting and with access to supportive care. All of the units at First Creek at Austin Homes will be affordable to families with incomes at or below 80% of the area median, with a majority reserved for families with extremely low or very low incomes.

Actions taken to reduce lead-based paint hazards. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

In 2019, the HUD Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes (HUD OLHCHH) awarded the City of Knoxville a \$3,600,000, 42-month Lead Hazard Control grant. The City collaborated with Knoxville-Knox County CAC to perform targeted outreach and education to at-risk LMI households, as well as the completion of lead hazard control projects, and healthy homes interventions. During PY2021-2021, 33 lead-based paint inspection/risk assessments and 30 lead hazard control projects were completed and achieved clearance. In 2022, the City's Lead Hazard Control program was granted an extension. The project will now continue until September 30, 2023.

The purpose of the program is to identify and control lead-based paint hazards in eligible privately-owned rental and owner-occupied housing. Those who qualify may receive a grant for repairs designed to remediate lead-based paint hazards, including replacing old wooden windows with new vinyl windows, vinyl siding and aluminum trim, covering porch floors and ceilings, and fresh paint.

The City performs risk assessments for its housing rehabilitation projects and Homemaker's program properties, as necessary, with four staff who have been licensed by the State of Tennessee and certified by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to perform lead-based paint inspections and risk assessments. Each staff person participates in on-going training to keep licenses up to date. The City and CAC both own an XRF analyzer, which receives maintenance and radiation lead testing according to the required schedule and its use is documented according to State requirements.

Actions taken to reduce the number of poverty-level families. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

For those who are unable to work or are underemployed, the City carried out the actions described in this document and the PY2020-2024 Consolidated Plan to positively impact and reduce the number of poverty-level families. Initiatives such as: Knoxville Area Urban League's *Rise Reentry*, Salvation Army's *Pathways to Hope* and NHI's *KnoxWorx* workforce development programs; Revitalization and development that creates and/or retains jobs in low- and moderate-income areas (LMAs), including redevelopment areas; Commercial Façade Improvement program; Housing assistance programs that help keep housing costs affordable; as well as opportunities, like HUD Section 3, that come with construction/development – all help in providing higher income opportunities for individuals and families at poverty-level.

CDBG-CV fund have been crucial to help poverty-level families remain stable during and after the COVID-19 pandemic. The COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program provided housing assistance, housing case management, and housing navigation services to households who were at risk of losing their housing. Additionally, funds were used to provide nutritious meals for home-bound seniors, many of whom have fixed incomes below the poverty level. In 2022, Knoxville-Knox County CAC began an expansion of the Mobile Meals kitchen which became a high priority because of the increased need for the program during the pandemic. This expansion, which will be completed in 2023, will help the City of Knoxville to support the growing number of low-income seniors for, at least, the next ten years.

The City of Knoxville is always working to reduce the number of households that fall below the poverty line; however, over the past two years, more intentional efforts have been made to keep stable households from falling below the poverty line. The hardships and economic ramifications created by the COVID-19 pandemic have pushed many households to seek assistance for the first time. The City of Knoxville and community partners are working hard to provide a safety net for those households.

Actions taken to develop institutional structure. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City's Office on Homelessness (OOH) staffs the quarterly meetings of the Mayor's Roundtable on Homelessness, which brings together the leadership of local homeless service agencies and other stakeholders. OOH participates in the Knoxville-Knox County Coalition for the Homeless and serves as the designated Collaborative Applicant for the Knoxville Knox County CoC (TN-502). During the pandemic, the local Emergency Operations Center (EOC) was activated, and the OOH coordinated the Homeless Service sector portion of the EOC operations. OOH also worked with agency partners to develop and submit a coordinated application for HUD's Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program.

Department staff participate in the coordinating bodies for several agencies that perform community development activities, including the Knoxville-Knox County Homeless Coalition, Affordable Housing Trust Fund Advisory Board, Equality Coalition for Housing Opportunity, and the NAACP. Staff also serve on or provide information to task forces related to neighborhood revitalization, such as the Chronic Problem Properties Committee, Abandoned, Blighted and Vacant (ABV) Properties Committee, the

Better Building Board and Blighted Properties Redevelopment Program loan review committee, Diversity Business Advisory Committee, Affordable Housing Trust Fund, East Tennessee Community Design Center Board, and Broadway Corridor Task Force.

Actions taken to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The COVID-19 pandemic created a rare opportunity where government, social services agencies, and public and private stakeholders were challenged to coordinate services and resources in new and unprecedented ways. The East Tennessee 2-1-1 call center, managed by the City of Knoxville, increased their capacity to coordinate resources and get Knoxville's neighbors connected to the services they need. 2-1-1 provides free, confidential multilingual information and referral services that connect residents in need with a full range of appropriate community, social, health and government services including housing, food, health facilities, legal and tax assistance, child care, and volunteer opportunities.

In 2021, the City of Knoxville developed the *My Knoxville* app to help residents to easily connect with various features, including 3-1-1 / 2-1-1, the City's *ChatBot* (English and Spanish), City Services, Maps and Parking, Things to Do, Knoxville Area Transit (KAT), Weather, Jobs, and COVID-19 resources. Increased needs created by COVID-19 and increased resources from the federal government required the City of Knoxville to coordinate better across departments and among stakeholders.

In 2021, the City formed the Affordable Housing Fund Advisory Committee who advises the director of Housing and Neighborhood Development regarding the administration of the Knoxville Affordable Housing Fund and other department funds that are used for affordable housing development. The committee is composed of between 5 and 11 appointed members of the community who possess an expertise or interest in issues related to affordable housing, including at least one representative from a nonprofit affordable housing developer and at least one representative from a nonprofit low-income housing-related service provider. This committee meets quarterly. The City's Annual Action Plan and HOME-ARP Allocation Plan were presented to this committee for their feedback.

Additionally, the City's Office on Homelessness staffs and coordinates the Mayor's Roundtable on Homelessness, a quarterly meeting of housing and service providers. City staff regularly meet with affordable housing providers, including non-profit and CHDO housing developers and for-profit affordable housing developers. OOH participates in the Knoxville-Knox County Coalition for the Homeless and serves as the designated Collaborative Applicant for the Knoxville Knox County CoC (TN-502).

Identify actions taken to overcome the effects of any impediments identified in the jurisdictions analysis of impediments to fair housing choice. 91.520(a)

As part of its research to develop the PY2020-2024 Consolidated Plan, the City of Knoxville worked with

a consultant to conduct an Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI). An important component of the research process involved gathering input regarding fair and affordable housing conditions, perceptions, and needs. The City's Community Empowerment Department is also available to assist in its role as the liaison between community agencies and the City. The City remains committed to affirmatively furthering fair housing, understanding disparities in opportunity, and promoting equity in all of its activities.

Barriers to the provision of sufficient affordable housing include: increasing land values in the city; increasing costs of development/construction; the lack of, or uncertainty of, available government programs and subsidies; the lack of choice in affordable housing location; and the challenges of acquiring and assembling inner-city parcels for affordable housing development.

The City implements fair housing and equal opportunity programming in compliance with civil rights regulations and guidelines. Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing and identifying actions and strategies that affect equal housing opportunities are two goals for the Community Development department. Fair Housing posters are on display in the City's Housing and Neighborhood Development Department, and the federal equal housing opportunity logo is placed on printed materials. Staff worked with various housing practitioners (lenders, apartment owners, realtors, insurance agencies and landlords) in promoting fair housing and the placement of the logo on materials. The City makes referrals for tenant/landlord matters to Legal Aid of East Tennessee and, for Fair Housing discrimination complaints, to the Tennessee Human Rights Commission (THRC) that administers the Fair Housing Assistance Program. The City's Fair Housing brochures, fact sheets, posters, display information, and website explain the Fair Housing Act, including the importance of housing equality and an overview of the seven protected classes. Several materials are translated in Spanish. The City co-sponsored (before the pandemic) the annual Knoxville Area Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Conference with the Equality Coalition for Housing Opportunities, attended by numerous civic groups, advocacy organizations and housing practitioners.

The City of Knoxville gives no preference for services to any one protected class; however, Housing and Neighborhood Development continues to affirmatively market HOME-funded programs to low-income neighborhoods. In 2021, residents living in targeted zip codes received mailed information about the City's programs.

CR-40 - Monitoring 91.220 and 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures used to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and used to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements

The Housing and Neighborhood Development Department Director and Community Development Administrator oversee the planning and budgeting process to ensure that the projects developed are consistent with grant requirements. This planning process also ensures that each funded project is consistent with the PY2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and makes progress toward identified community development objectives. City staff work with and maintain relationships with Knoxville-Knox County Planning that manages comprehensive long-range planning for the city of Knoxville.

All sub-grantee projects are assigned to a Project Specialist for oversight, monitoring, and technical assistance. The Section Manager drafts contracts with input from the sub-grantee and Project Specialist. The City Law Department finalizes the contracts in order to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Subgrantees submit quarterly progress reports and a completion report. Reports are reviewed by the Project Specialist to ensure contract compliance. Funds are typically provided to subgrantees on a reimbursement basis. Reimbursement requests are submitted to the City on a quarterly or as-needed basis, and contain supporting documentation for all expenses for which reimbursement is requested. Requests are reviewed, revised (if necessary), and approved by the Project Specialist, then reviewed and approved by the Section Manager. The Finance Specialist prepares a check request, which is approved by the Section Manager and Director prior to submission to the City Finance Department. Subgrantee monitoring is performed on an informal basis through telephone, email, and periodic meetings between City and sub-grantee staff. Formal monitoring is performed on an annual basis (except in the case of low risk subgrantees or projects). Formal monitoring is conducted by the Project Specialist at the subgrantee's office, and includes review of agency policies, procedures, financial records, and project documentation. A written report is issued following a formal monitoring session, and any findings or concerns that require subgrantee action are followed up on by both the subgrantee and City staff.

For City housing activities, applications for assistance are analyzed by the Housing Manager for compliance with program guidelines. Housing Rehabilitation Specialists provide detailed specifications for ensuring that the activity meets Neighborhood Housing Standards and cost estimates to ensure that construction bids are reasonable and allowable. During the construction process, all activities are monitored by Housing Rehabilitation Specialists for compliance. The Housing Construction Manager reviews, approves work and activities during each step of the rehabilitation process. The Director periodically conducts in-house monitoring. Payment for contractor and other housing activity expenses are processed by the Housing Finance Supervisor, Housing Manager, and approved by the Director prior to payment.

The Administrator and Administrative Technician oversee the Department's overall expenditures and financial status and assists the Director in drawing funds from HUD on a regular basis. Special regulatory requirements are addressed by several staff members. The environmental review process is overseen by the Director, who has been delegated this authority by the Mayor. For projects requiring procurement and federal labor standards compliance, the assigned project monitor provides technical assistance to the agency performing the project, oversees the bid process, works with contractors, and reviews certified payroll.

Citizen Participation Plan 91.105(d); 91.115(d)

Describe the efforts to provide citizens with reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment on performance reports.

Notice of the availability of the Draft CAPER was published in the Knoxville News Sentinel on Saturday, September 10, 2022. The draft of the PY2021-2022 CAPER was made available for public comment for 15 days from September 14 through September 28, 2022. The City asked for an extension of the CAPER deadline to submit by September 30, 2022.

A link to the Draft CAPER (see attachment) also appeared on the City's website and notice was published in the City Office of Neighborhood Empowerment's Neighborly Notice newsletter during this time. A hard copy of the Draft PY2021-2022 CAPER was made available for review in the Housing and Neighborhood Development Department. Hard copies of the draft were also offered to those not having internet access.

There were no public comments on the CAPER.

CR-45 - CDBG 91.520(c)

Specify the nature of, and reasons for, any changes in the jurisdiction's program objectives and indications of how the jurisdiction would change its programs as a result of its experiences.

The COVID-19 pandemic and the significant amount of funding from the CARES Act and ARPA to address the pandemic and its economic consequences, changed the City's program objectives since PY2020.

The Knoxville-Knox County CoC tailored programming to meet the needs of households experiencing homelessness due to the challenges of the pandemic. Shelter providers worked with the Knox County Health Department to make their spaces safer for guests, including decreasing bed capacity to allow for greater social distancing, enhanced separation of spaces, air-filtration and cleaning regimens, wearing of masks, and client education. The Health Department and homeless service providers held vaccination clinics in shelters and at locations accessible to unsheltered persons. The City supported non-congregate shelter by-way of hotel/motel vouchers that continue to support 95 family, homeless youth, and elderly households operated by CAC. The Knoxville-Knox County CoC used dynamic prioritization to target EHVs to households within non-congregate shelter as the program does not has sustainable future funding. The intent is to connect as many households in non-congregate shelter (NCS) with permanent housing before the program is closed.

Street outreach was expanded and tailored to meet the needs of our growing unsheltered population during PY2021-2022. A total of 12 outreach workers in the CoC—9 traditional outreach workers and 3 homeless youth-specific outreach workers, have been outfitted with mobile tablets (supported with City ESG-CV funds) to conduct coordinated entry assessments in the field. The Knoxville-Knox County CoC is currently considering new outreach strategies such as housing surge and place-based approaches.

Additionally, the City used ESG-CV dollars to fund a mobile shower trailer program implemented by VMC to improve the health and wellness outcomes for individuals experiencing unsheltered homelessness. The program is located in the City of Knoxville's Safe Space—an outdoor location that provides access to restrooms and on-site security where individuals can spend time during the day. This location has Knoxville-Knox County's highest concentration of individuals experiencing homelessness, specifically unsheltered homelessness. The program provides access to showers and laundry services four days a week. Coordinated entry housing assessments are conducted onsite with individuals engaging with the program.

Of the total allocation (\$2,889,714) of CDBG-CV funds, expenditures of \$890,570.12 were reported in the PY2020-2021 CAPER, leaving \$1,999,143.88 available for PY2021-2022. A total of \$776,511.39 were spent in PY2021-2022. While the prior year CDBG-CV dollars were used primarily for housing assistance payments through the City's COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program (HAP), the ARPA of 2021 (ERA/Treasury funds) made the use of CDBG-CV funds for rental/utility payment assistance redundant. In PY2021-2022, the City partnered with Knox County to provide funds for housing stabilization

counseling. CONNECT Ministries and the Knox Area Urban League spent \$267,828.85 to support 468 households with housing stabilization services.

The City funded CAC Mobile Meals with \$100,000 in CDBG-CV dollars again in PY2021-2022, to provide the preparation and delivery of nutritious meals to 204 homebound elderly households. CDBG and CDBG-CV funds (\$310,000) were also set aside for the expansion of the CAC Mobile Meals Kitchen (this project is under contract, but construction has not yet started).

CDBG-CV funds also supported 31 youth experiencing homelessness in McNabb Center's Transitional Housing (\$97,975.86) and 121 youth with housing stability case management through Knoxville Leadership Foundation's Bright Futures program (\$226,018.01).

Lastly, \$84,688.67 in CDBG-CV funds were used for administration.

Does this Jurisdiction have any open Brownfields Economic Development Initiative (BEDI) grants?

No

[BEDI grantees] Describe accomplishments and program outcomes during the last year.

CR-50 - HOME 91.520(d)

Include the results of on-site inspections of affordable rental housing assisted under the program to determine compliance with housing codes and other applicable regulations

Please list those projects that should have been inspected on-site this program year based upon the schedule in §92.504(d). Indicate which of these were inspected and a summary of issues that were detected during the inspection. For those that were not inspected, please indicate the reason and how you will remedy the situation.

One property was due for inspection in the month of June 2022, HRMC Washington Pike. The pandemic has caused a delay in the City performing inspections, and inspections are scheduled for all the properties in the month of September, including:

- 1. McNabb Washington Pike
- 2. Pocahontas Drive
- 3. ETHDC 2106 Sycamore
- 4. ETHDC 2110 Sycamore
- 5. ETHDC 3425 Bishop St.
- 6. NHI Sutherland Square
- 7. ECG Southside Flats
- 8. Covenant Village

All properties are inspected on the three-year required schedule. Landlords are provided with a written list of deficiencies and given a reasonable amount of time to complete them. The properties are reinspected upon completion. All tenant and rental data are reviewed during inspections.

Provide an assessment of the jurisdiction's affirmative marketing actions for HOME units. 92.351(b)

During the reporting period, the City had nine HOME-assisted projects which contained more than 5 HOME-assisted units. All of the projects accept tenant's rental assistance, receive project-based assistance, or have a written agreement with the City allowing preference to be given to certain underserved populations (i.e. homeless veterans). All projects lease to tenants from a waiting list. A majority of the tenants in the HOME-assisted units represent populations from protected classes-racial minorities, households with children, the elderly and/or those with a disability. Four of the projects are owned by CHDOs, and vacancies are posted on their websites and at TNHousingSearch.org. Fliers are posted at KCDC, and the Knoxville Area Urban League is notified of any vacancies. One CHDO also does outreach to social service agencies/local ministries during the year such as CAC, the Salvation Army and Knox Area Rescue Mission.

All projects with five or more units include the Fair Housing logo on their advertising. All of the housing

developers use social media. Project Based Voucher units are advertised through KCDC, the local housing authority. Management companies work closely with case managers from mental health, homeless, and elderly/disabled -centered programs across the city.

Refer to IDIS reports to describe the amount and use of program income for projects, including the number of projects and owner and tenant characteristics

HOME program income is generated by HOME-funded housing rehabilitation and property acquisition projects. During the program year, a total of \$776,145.62 in HOME program income was receipted for eligible housing activities. HOME program income in the amount of \$556,599.63 was drawn during the program year: \$370,425.35 to fund six Owner-occupied Housing Rehabilitation projects and \$210,111.12 to fund four Rental Rehabilitation projects. One Owner-occupied Housing Rehabilitation job was completed, occupied by an *extremely-low income*, non-Hispanic, Black/African American, 2-parent family household, with disabilities. Three of the Rental Rehabilitation projects using HOME program income, were also completed, two of which are single-family rental properties, both occupied by *extremely-low income*, non-Hispanic, Black/African American households, one that is an elderly household. The third project is a multi-family, 36-unit apartment complex with 35 units occupied. Of the 35 units, 23 households have *extremely-low income*, 10 very-low income, one household at 60% AMI, and one *low-income*. Twenty-two households are non-Hispanic Black/African American, 12 are non-Hispanic White/Caucasian, and one is Hispanic White/Caucasian. Twenty-two households are single-parent families, eight are single/non-elderly, three are elderly, and two are two-parent families.

An additional \$93,535.41 in HOME program income/program administration was drawn in September 2022 for project delivery costs during PY2021-2022.

Describe other actions taken to foster and maintain affordable housing. 91.220(k) (STATES ONLY: Including the coordination of LIHTC with the development of affordable housing). 91.320(j)

Enhancing the Availability, Accessibility, and Quality of Affordable Housing is a high priority goal that includes the following objectives: 1) Increase Affordable Rental Housing, through New Construction and Rehabilitation; 2) Increase Affordable Owner-occupied Housing, through: Partnering with Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs); Down Payment and closing cost assistance to CHDO and other home buyers; and Rehabilitation; 3) Increase Permanent Supportive Housing; 4) Support Energy Conservation/Efficiency in Affordable Housing Development; 5) Provide Broadband Internet in Affordable Housing Development; and 6) Provide Tenant-Based Rental Assistance.

The City addresses these objectives in its Annual Action Plan through its Owner Occupied and Rental Housing Rehabilitation programs with CDBG and HOME funds and through CDBG funds sub-granted to CAC and NHI for emergency and minor home repairs. The City outlined in its action plan that it seeks to fund new special needs (including elderly populations) housing construction through its Rental Housing Rehabilitation program. The City supports CHDO-developed new affordable housing construction in its

action plan. The City created its own, locally funded Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund to assist non-profit and for-profit developers of new, affordable rental housing.

The City increased its commitment to affordable housing in May 2021, by establishing an ordinance creating the Knoxville Affordable Housing Fund. The Knoxville Affordable Housing Fund is a ten-year, \$50,000,000 commitment to support the creation and preservation of safe, high quality, and affordable housing. Addressing these affordable housing concerns is a priority that supports not only the needs of local families, but also the community's efforts to revitalize neighborhoods that have experienced historical disinvestment, attract new business investment, and support workforce development, recruitment and retention. Beginning in PY2021-2022, the City contributed \$8,105,000, exceeding the \$5,000,000 committed. The City continued to contribute to its own, locally funded Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund, adding another \$2,500,000 during the program year, for a total of \$15,100,000 since July 2017.

During PY2021-2022, the City also supported private developers of affordable housing by assisting with documentation required by the State of Tennessee for tax credits through THDA and contributed \$200,000 in local funds to the East Tennessee Foundation's Affordable Housing Trust Fund to support affordable housing goals (including rental housing rehabilitation) in the city of Knoxville.

The City and its community partners, with support from affordable housing advocates, continue to find new ways to meet the housing needs of its most vulnerable residents.

CR-58 - Section 3

Identify the number of individuals assisted and the types of assistance provided

Total Labor Hours	CDBG	HOME	ESG	HOPWA	HTF
Total Number of Activities	2	2	0	0	0
Total Labor Hours	6,878	2,243	0		
Total Section 3 Worker Hours	3,088	1,327	0		
Total Targeted Section 3 Worker Hours	982	0	0		

Table 14 – Total Labor Hours

Qualitative Efforts - Number of Activities by Program	CDBG	HOME	ESG	HOPWA	HTF
Outreach efforts to generate job applicants who are Public Housing					
Targeted Workers					
Outreach efforts to generate job applicants who are Other Funding		1			
Targeted Workers.		'			
Direct, on-the job training (including apprenticeships).	1				
Indirect training such as arranging for, contracting for, or paying tuition for, off-site training.	1				
Technical assistance to help Section 3 workers compete for jobs (e.g., resume assistance, coaching).	1	1			
Outreach efforts to identify and secure bids from Section 3 business concerns.					
Technical assistance to help Section 3 business concerns understand and bid on contracts.					
Division of contracts into smaller jobs to facilitate participation by Section 3 business concerns.		1			
Provided or connected residents with assistance in seeking employment including: drafting resumes,preparing for interviews, finding job opportunities, connecting residents to job placement services.	1				
Held one or more job fairs.					
Provided or connected residents with supportive services that can provide direct services or referrals.	1				
Provided or connected residents with supportive services that provide one or more of the following: work readiness health screenings, interview clothing, uniforms, test fees, transportation.					
Assisted residents with finding child care.	1				
Assisted residents to apply for, or attend community college or a four year educational institution.	1				
Assisted residents to apply for, or attend vocational/technical training.	1	1			
Assisted residents to obtain financial literacy training and/or coaching.	1				
Bonding assistance, guaranties, or other efforts to support viable bids from Section 3 business concerns.					
Provided or connected residents with training on computer use or online technologies.	1				
Promoting the use of a business registry designed to create opportunities for disadvantaged and small businesses.					
Outreach, engagement, or referrals with the state one-stop system, as designed in Section 121(e)(2) of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act.					
Other.					

Table 15 – Qualitative Efforts - Number of Activities by Program

Narrative

Construction work through CDBG-funded emergency and minor home repair programs supported nine Section 3 Workers and three Targeted Section 3 Workers, creating a total of 3,088 Section 3 Worker Hours and 982.25 Targeted Section 3 Worker Hours. HOME-funded construction activities (multi-family rental rehabilitation) supported six Section 3 Workers by paying for 1,326.59 Section 3 Worker labor hours. NHI's CDBG-funded KnoxWorx workforce development program trained 80 disenfranchised, young adults (also Targeted Section 3 Workers).

ESG/ESG-CV information can be found in the attachment labeled "SAGE Report."

Reporting Period—All Recipients Complete

Program Year Start Date 07/01/2021
Program Year End Date 06/30/2022

Subrecipient Form - Complete one form for each subrecipient

Subrecipient or Contractor Name: VOLUNTEER MINISTRY CENTER

City: Knoxville **State:** TN

Zip Code: 37917, 7408 **DUNS Number:** 615596178

UEI:

Is subrecipient a victim services provider: N

Subrecipient Organization Type: Other Non-Profit Organization

ESG Subgrant or Contract Award Amount: 90151

Subrecipient or Contractor Name: Knoxville-Knox County Community Action Committee

City: Knoxville State: TN

Zip Code: 37921, 5756 **DUNS Number:** 139727627

UEI:

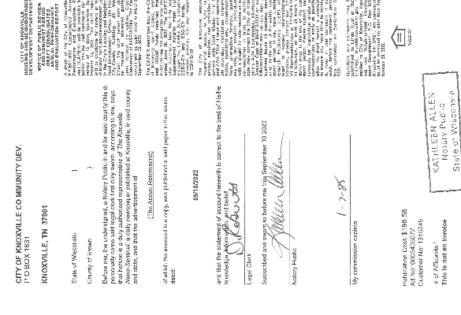
Is subrecipient a victim services provider: N

Subrecipient Organization Type: Unit of Government **ESG Subgrant or Contract Award Amount:** 48833

Attachment

CAPER Public Notice





The Neighborly Notice - Tuesday, September 13, 2022

City of Knoxville, Office of Neighborhood Empowerment <dsharp@knoxvilletn.gov>
Tue 9/13/2022 3:15 PM

To: Linda Rust < lrust@knoxvilletn.gov>

Knoxville Neighborhood Advisory - Vol. 15, No. 33 Tuesday, September 13, 2022

PDF version: https://bit.ly/NeighborlyNotice-2022-09-13

To subscribe to this newsletter via email, fill out this form at http://eepurl.com/b2Rk9T. You will then receive an automated email. Reply to this automated email to secure your free subscription.

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- 1. Historic Holston Hills Hosts Mums and Mimosas Event
- Neighborhood Advisory Council Meets Tomorrow
- 3. Deadline for Wiffle Ball Tournament Sign-Ups is Friday
- Neighborhoods Celebrate National Night Out
- 5. Public Service Department Hosts Job Fair This Thursday
- 6. Historic Zoning Commission Meets This Thursday
- 7. Board of Zoning Appeals Meets Next Tuesday
- 8. City Seeks Feedback on Federal Dollars
- 9. City Requests Suggestions on Electric Vehicle Charging Stations
- 10. City Looks for Input on Annual Performance and Evaluation Report
- 11. KCHD Offers Free Diabetes Management Classes
- 12. Knoxville Neighborhoods Calendar

Published by the City of Knoxville's Office of Neighborhood Empowerment, we report news important to Knoxville's residential neighborhoods. Include your neighborhood-related event or meeting in this space. Call 215-3232. News

https://outlook.office.com/mail/inbox/id/AAQkADFmNDFhMGI0LTc0MmQtNDIINy05YTdlLWM0ZDFiZTdkY2MzZQAQAN%2FoRmSbipVGvJ1i%2FkW... 1/10

Mail - Linda Rust - Outlook

deadline: 12 noon on Fridays.

Like us on Facebook: https://www.facebook.com/KnoxvilleNeighborhoods

1. Historic Holston Hills Hosts Mums and Mimosas Event

The Historic Holston Hills Community Club's 6th Annual Mums and Mimosas Fundraiser will be held this Sunday, Sept. 18, from 1-3 p.m. in the Holston Hills Community Park, 3300 Holston Hills Rd.

All sales from the event benefit the park and go toward neighborhood improvements.

For more information about the event, please reach out to Millie Ward at <u>mmward@sbcglobal.net</u> or by phone at 805-551-6805.

2, Neighborhood Advisory Council Meets Tomorrow

The Neighborhood Advisory Council (NAC) meets tomorrow, Wednesday, Sept. 14, from 4:30-6 p.m. at the Cansler YMCA, 616 Jessamine St.

Keep Knoxville Beautiful Executive Director Khann Chov will speak about how neighborhoods can collaborate with KKB in numerous ways.

All are welcome to attend. As a matter of procedure, NAC members voice their input first, and if there is time at the end, other attendees may speak.

The NAC advises and provides input only to the Mayor and the City administration. It does not advise Knoxville City Council, Knoxville-Knox County Planning and other elected and appointed bodies; however, they may speak on behalf of their neighborhoods or as individuals.

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3. Deadline For Wiffleball Tournament Sign-Ups is This Friday

The Office of Neighborhood Empowerment (ONE) is excited to announce that the Fifth Annual Neighborhood Wiffleball Tournament will take place on Saturday, Oct. 1, beginning at 8:30 a.m. at Caswell Park, 570 Winona St.

If your neighborhood is interested in participating this year, please email Debbie Sharp at dsharp@knoxvilletn.gov by this Friday, Sept. 16, the following information:

- · Neighborhood Name
- Contact Name
- Contact Email
- Team Name
- T-shirt Color

Teams will be sent the rules and regulations when they register.

We can't wait to see you on the field for some friendly and fun neighborhood competition!

4. Neighborhoods Celebrate National Night Out

Back in August, three neighborhoods celebrated National Night Out and hosted local first responders at local parks: Old North Knoxville, Inc.; Timbercrest Neighborhood Association; and West Hills Community Association.

Many Knoxville neighborhoods are used to celebrating the first Tuesday in October and will do so again on Tuesday, Oct. 4, 2022.

If your neighborhood plans to celebrate in October, let us know! We want to inform local responders about your events so they can attend, as they are available.

Please register your neighborhood with Officer John Morgan jmorgan@knoxvilletn.gov and Debbie Sharp at dsharp@knoxvilletn.gov.

Please respond with the following information:

· Neighborhood Name

https://outlook.office.com/mail/inbox/id/AAQkADFmNDFhMGI0LTc0MmQtNDIINy05YTdILWM0ZDFiZTdkY2MzZQAQAN%2FoRmSbipVGvJ1i%2FkW...

- · Neighborhood Contact
- Contact email
- · Contact phone number
- · Date of your event
- · Time of your event
- · Location of your event
- · Planned activity

5. Public Service Department Hosts Job Fair This Thursday

Job seekers looking for steady, satisfying outdoor work that helps keep Knoxville clean and operating efficiently are invited to the Public Service Job Fair this Thursday, Sept. 15, from 8 a.m.-12 p.m. at the Public Works Service Center, 3131 Morris Ave.

More than 30 open positions are available.

Prospective employees may apply for Public Service positions in person at the job fair or <u>online</u>. Attendees should also bring their resumes and driver's license, which are required for the job.

Learn more about working for the City of Knoxville at KnoxvilleTN,gov/jobs.

6. Historic Zoning Commission to Meet This Thursday

The Knoxville Historic Zoning Commission (HZC) will meet this Thursday, Sept. 15, at 8:30 a.m. in the Small Assembly Room of the City County Building, 400 Main Street.

The HZC works to preserve historically integral sites, while also working to ingrain the history of Knoxville into new building plans.

On the agenda for this Thursday's meeting, the HZC will review several certificates of appropriateness. The following historic areas and the designated properties will be subject to those reviews:

- · Edgewood-Park City, 2102 Jefferson Ave.
- . Fourth and Gill, 1014 Eleanor St.

https://outlook.office.com/mail/inbox/id/AAQkADFmNDFhMGI0LTc0MmQtNDIINy05YTdlLWM0ZDFiZTdkY2MzZQAQAN%2FoRmSbipVGvJ1i%2FkW... 4/10

- Ft. Sanders, 211 S. 17th St.
- Old North Knoxville, 123 Leonard Place and 1335 Armstrong Ave.
- · Fairmont-Emoriland, 2020 Emoriland Blvd.

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7. Board of Zoning Appeals Meets Next Tuesday

The Board of Zoning Appeals (BZA) will hear properties on Tuesday, Sept. 20, at 4 p.m., at the City County Building, Small Assembly Room, 400 Main Street. There is a Zoom attendance option available upon request. Email Jennifer Scobee by noon the day of the meeting at issaecobee@knoxvilletn.gov for a link.

The property at 3221 Garden Dr. is being addressed during Old Business, and New Business will cover properties at 7727 Kingston Pike, 1406 Wallace St., 1540 Member Ln., and 451 W. Blount Ave.

If you or anyone from your neighborhood would like to speak about these properties, you may do so by calling Jennifer Scobee, information above.

The next BZA meeting will be held Tuesday, Oct. 18, in the Division II Court Room.

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8. City Seeks Feedback on Federal Dollars

It is time to use your voice, Knoxville! The City's Housing and Neighborhood Development Department is seeking public input on how it should allocate approximately \$4 million in federal funds to support eligible activities that assist individuals or households who are experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness, and other vulnerable populations.

https://outlook.office.com/mail/inbox/id/AAQkADFmNDFhMGI0LTc0MmQtNDIINy05YTdlLWM0ZDFiZTdkY2MzZQAQAN%2FoRmSbipVGvJ1i%2FkW...

Earlier this year, the City was awarded a one-time amount of \$4,076,859 appropriated under the American Rescue Plan Act from the U.S. Department of Housing Development (HUD) to fund local program activities including provision of rental housing (including Permanent Supportive Housing), Tenant-Based Rental Assistance, supportive services, and non-congregate shelter to reduce homelessness and increase housing stability.

A draft of the proposed HOME Investment Partnerships – American Rescue Plan (HOME-ARP) Allocation Plan will be available at <u>KnoxvilleTN.gov/development</u> for public review thru Tuesday, Sept. 20. To submit comments or questions, please contact Bennett Meeks at <u>bmeeks@knoxvilletn.gov</u> or P.O. Box 1631, Knoxville, TN 37901.

A virtual public hearing on the draft plan will be held Monday, Sept. 19, 2022, at 6 p.m., via Zoom. To join the Zoom meeting, find the Zoom link at www.knoxvilletn.gov/development. To ensure the security of the meeting, speaking privileges will be approved for those who request it during the meeting.

At this virtual meeting, City staff will:

- Discuss the range of eligible activities
- Review priority goals and objectives from the City's 2020-2024 Five Year Consolidated Plan
- Provide data and feedback from consultation meetings with social service agencies and affordable housing providers
- Describe the process/timeline for developing the HOME-ARP Allocation
 Plan and
- · Answer questions and receive comments
- Learn more about community priorities established through public meetings for the City's Five-Year Consolidated Plan in this document.

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9. City Requests Suggestions on Electric Vehicle Charging Stations

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Did you know that EV (electric vehicle) drivers can plug in at almost 50 charging stations across Knoxville?

The City of Knoxville's Office of Sustainability is changing the way they deploy EV chargers throughout the community – and they want input on where you think EV chargers should be located.

A new survey shows the locations of active chargers (both public and private), and allows users to "pin" where they would like to see new or additional charging service.

If you know a general area or specific site that you think should have charging, let the City know.

- Open the survey (English / Español)
- · Click the map or search an address to place a pin
- · Answer a few questions
- Submit

To learn more about the EV Charging stations and the survey, go to the <u>City's</u> website.

10, City Looks For Input on Annual Performance and Evaluation Report

The City is looking for public input on a draft of its 2021-2022 Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER).

The draft report will be available for public review and comment for 15 days beginning Wednesday, Sept. 14, and ending Wednesday, Sept. 28.

The report describes how the City spent federal grant funds received between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022. The report also describes how the City used supplemental funding from HUD through the CARES Act to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19.

The report will be available for review at www.knoxvilletn.gov/development and in the City's Housing and Neighborhood Development Office, Fifth Floor City-County Building, 400 Main Street. The draft report may also be mailed to interested parties upon request by calling Cicely Henderson at 865-215-2180. The final report will be submitted to HUD by Friday, Sept. 30.

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The City ensures meaningful access to City programs, services, and activities to comply with Civil Rights Title VI and ADA Title II laws and reasonably provides: translation, interpretation, modifications, accommodations, alternative formats, auxiliary aids, and services.

Individuals with a disability who require an accommodation in order to participate may contact the City of Knoxville's ADA Coordinator, Stephanie Brewer Cook at 865-215-2034 or scook@knoxvilletn.gov no less than 72 business hours (3 business days) prior to the end of the public comment period.

If you have Limited English Proficiency (LEP) and want to request interpretation services, please contact our Title VI Representatives at titlevi@knoxvilletn.gov, at least 48 hours (2 days) prior to the end of the comment period. Please submit your requests for translation and/or accommodations as early as possible after the draft report is available to ensure you have time to receive it, read it, and comment if you wish, before the comment period has concluded on Wednesday, Sept. 28.

Questions and comments may be submitted to Linda Rust at 865-215-2357; lrust@knoxvilletn.gov; or mailed to City of Knoxville, Housing and Neighborhood Development Department, P.O. Box 1631, Knoxville TN 37901. All comments must be received no later than Wednesday, Sept. 28.

11, KCHD Offers Free Diabetes Management Classes

The Knox County Health Department (KCHD) is hosting free Diabetes Management Classes on Tuesdays, Oct. 4, 11, and 18, from 6-7 p.m. in the KCHD Community Room, 140 Dameron Ave.

This three-part series will cover different topics including the diagnosis of diabetes, how healthy diet and exercise can help, and medication management.

To register, please call 865-215-5170.

12. Knoxville Neighborhoods Calendar (click link for online calendar)

Call 865-215-3232 to include your neighborhood event or meeting in this <a href="mailto:Google calendar.

https://outlook.office.com/mail/inbox/id/AAQkADFmNDFhMGI0LTc0MmQtNDIINy05YTdlLWM0ZDFiZTdkY2MzZQAQAN%2FoRmSbipVGvJ1i%2FkW...

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To request language translation services, contact Community Empowerment Director Charles F. Lomax Jr at clomax@knoxvilletn.gov or 865-215-2536. For disability accommodations, contact City ADA Coordinator Stephanie Brewer Cook at scook@knoxvilletn.gov or 865-215-2034 at least 72 hours before the meeting.

Other Calendars

Additional online calendars that cover events outside the neighborhood realm include:

- . Arts & Culture Alliance (There's More to Knoxville)
- . Arts & Fine Crafts Center Classes (City of Knoxville)
- City of Knoxville General Calendar
- Parks and Rec Community Programming
- ** This Advisory is produced on most Tuesdays of the year.
- ** Ideas and contributions are welcome. We reserve the right to edit submissions.
- ** Deadline for news & calendar items: 5 p.m. Mondays
- ** May be copied and forwarded via neighborhood e-mail lists and newsletters.
- ** See past issues at our Website: http://www.knoxvilletn.gov/neighborhoods
- ** Don't have Internet access? Call 865-215-4382 if you need a copy of a particular document.

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Our mailing address is:

City of Knoxville Office of Neighborhoods 400 Main Street Knoxville, TN 37901

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City of Knoxville » Government » City Departments & Offices » Housing and Neighborhood Development

Housing and Neighborhood Development

Development
Grants
Administration
Disability Services
Office
Façade Improvement
Program
Fair Housing
Homemakers
Program
Housing

Community

Homelessness Reports and Plans Section 3 Information / Certified Businesses Knoxville Lead-Safe and Healthy Homes Program Historic Preservation Fund

Office on

Chief Housing Officer Amy Brooks

Amy Brooks aBrooks@linoxvillern.g. av (865) 215-2866

400 Main St., Room 532 Knoxville, TN 37902



KNOX HOUSING ASSISTANCE

The Knox Housing Assistance Program is a joint City of Knoxville/Knox County initiative aiding renters adversely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. The program is open to incomequalified city and county renters where one or more individuals in the home have experienced one of the following adverse financial impacts due directly, or indirectly, to the COVID-19 pandemic:



A Joint City of Knoxville / Knox County Initiative

- · Qualified for unemployment benefits or experienced a reduction in income
- · Incurred significant costs
- · Experienced other financial hardship

Learn more at KnoxHonsingAssistance.org

https://www.knoxvilletr.gov/cms/One.aspx?portalid=109562&pageid=194770

1/4



Housing and Neighborhood Development (formerly Community Development) administers a variety of programs geared toward the revitalization of Knoxville's low-to-moderate income neighborhoods. In order for resources to have the greatest impact, the Department targets its programs to strategy areas that are selected periodically.

Main Line: 865-215-2120 Fax: 865-215-2962

Disability Services: 865-215-2034

TTY: 711

Fair Housing Program: 865-215-2120 Housing Programs: 865-215-2120

Neighborhood Strategy Areas: 865-215-2120 Solutions to Problem Properties: 865-215-2120

DRAFT HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS - AMERICAN RESCUE PLAN ALLOCATION PLAN RELEASED

The City of Knoxville released its Draft HOME Investment Partnerships – American Rescue Plan (HOME-ARP) Allocation Plan on September 6, 2022. Please find it here. You are encouraged to give feedback in writing by emailing Bennett Meeks, Housing and Neighborhood Development Project Specialist, at BMeeks@knoxvilletn.gov. Comments received by September 20, 2022, will be included in the final HOME-ARP Allocation Plan submitted to HUD. You are also welcome to participate in a virtual Public Hearing on September 19, 2022, at 6:00 PM. The Zoom link to that meeting is posted below. In order to maintain security during the meeting, participants wishing to speak will be required to enter their name and contact information.

Join Zoom Meeting

https://us06web.zoom.us/j/81052902200?pwd=dlAxaW5qVmplUUlHYndnM1A5V1IwQT09

Meeting ID: 810 5290 2200

Passcode: 785079

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https://www.knoxvilletn.gov/cms/One.aspx?portaild=109562&pageid=194770

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865-215-2034 or \$Cook@KnoxvilleTN.gov no less than 72 business hours (3 business days) prior to the end of the public comment period. If you have Limited English Proficiency (LEP) and want to request interpretation services, please contact our Title VI Representatives at TitleVI@KnoxvilleTN.gov, at least 48 hours (2 days) prior to the end of the comment period.

Please submit your requests for translation and/or accommodations as early as possible after the draft report is available to ensure you have time to receive it, read it, and comment if you wish, before the comment period has concluded on September 20, 2022.

DRAFT CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL PERFORMANCE and EVALUATION REPORT (CAPER)

A draft of the City of Knoxville's PY2021-2022 Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) is available for public review and comment for a period of 15 days beginning September 14, 2022. The report is available for review here and in the City's Housing and Neighborhood Development Office, 5th Floor City-County Building, 400 Main Street and The draft report may also be mailed to interested parties upon request by calling Cicely Henderson at 865-215-2180. The final report will be submitted to HUD by September 30, 2022.

The CAPER describes how the City of Knoxville spent CDBG, ESG, and HOME funds received from HUD during the program year that ended June 30, 2022. The CAPER also describes how the City used supplemental funding from HUD through the CARES Act, including CDBG-CV and ESG-CV funds, to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19.

The City of Knoxville ensures meaningful access to City programs, services, and activities to comply with Civil Rights Title VI and ADA Title II laws and reasonably provides: translation, interpretation, modifications, accommodations, alternative formats, auxiliary aids, and services. Individuals with a disability who require an accommodation in order to participate may contact the City of Knoxville's ADA Coordinator, Stephanie Brewer Cook at 865-215-2034 or scook@knoxvilletn.gov no less than 72 business hours (3 business days) prior to the end of the public comment period. If you have Limited English Proficiency (LEP) and want to request interpretation services, please contact our Title VI Representatives at titlevi@knoxvilletn.gov, at least 48 hours (2 days) prior to the end of the comment period.

Please submit your requests for translation and/or accommodations as early as possible after the draft report is available to ensure you have time to receive it, read it, and comment if you wish, before the comment period has concluded on September 28, 2022.

Questions and comments may be submitted to Linda Rust at (865) 215-2357, Irust@knoxvilletn.gov or mailed to City of Knoxville, Housing and Neighborhood Development Department, P.O. Box 1631, Knoxville TN 37901. All comments must be received no later than September 28, 2022.

HOUSING & NEIGHBORHOOD DEVELOPMENT PROVIDES

https://www.knoxvilletn.gov/cms/One.aspx?portaild=109562&pageld=194770

3/4

- * Programs to improve housing opportunities for lower-income homeowners, tenants and home buyers as well as assistance to organizations serving Knoxville's homeless population.
- * A Fair Housing Program to promote equal opportunity in housing in Knoxville.
- * Activities that identify vacant, blighted or problem properties and seek developers to return them to productive use.
- * Support for programs that assist neighborhoods in identifying and solving their own problems
- * Support for programs that provide training and employment to lower-income citizens or to assist lower-income citizens in starting small businesses.

REVITALIZATION PROJECTS

- * Five Points Commercial Development
- * Lonsdale Redevelopment
- Vestal Redevelopment

ENERGY STAR

Energy Star Partner - The City of Knoxville is a proud partner of ENERGY STAR. The Housing and Neighborhood Development (former Community Development) Department's Owner Occupied Housing Rehabilitation Program has built 13 Energy Star homes and plan on building more Energy Star-certified homes. ENERGY STAR qualified products and practices help you save money and reduce greenhouse gas emissions by meeting strict energy efficiency guidelines set by the U.S. EPA and U.S. DOE. The ENERGY STAR label also designates superior energy performance in homes and buildings. More information is available on the ENERGY STAR website at www.energystar.gov.



News September 08, 2022 City Seeks Public Input on Allocating Federal Funda Events September 14, 2022 Market Square Farmer's Market City Info Conta

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Ouestions? ¿Preguntas? 324

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Street
Knoxville, TN

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PR26 Reports (3)

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201	Ouvie:	15/01	\$21M0479004	Houses	244	(794	2350	Ho	Class.	960.00	9650.00		961.00	5850
W.,	Expedie	9671	TQ1M0/78005	Hamile	146	LESS	23.00	No.	Upon .	4406.00	1000		NG05.60.	
70	Ergréfie	2001	TESTING GLEODING	Having	146	LMH	2350	Ho	Chief.	\$10,999 \$3	\$0.00		sta.000.25	
76	Dunte	2021	SELECTION SE		ENA	15.44	2351	80	Chen.	\$27,00 00	50.00		0.00022	
W.	poole.	9821	BRINGH RIGHA		140.	DH	2113	100	Color.	\$10,466,00	50.40		1,60,000,60	
76	Crurville	2021	#21MURRODS	Hamilton	1664	Lifet	2300	Ma	Dwglens -	\$787,047.91	\$262,047.01		\$28,25,44	1200,200
74	Orande	(350.1	37114C=(9005	Phosping	140	D'91	2343	No	Chara.	\$2,6500.00	\$0.00		\$24,208.00	
7.5			-	Total Housing		-				81,007,742.14	\$635,669.A1	A1.80%	81.147,718.66	\$1,077,886
-	Accepte	2000	\$31HC/GB005	Public Drawnishnorn	800	LINE	29/02	Tig	Cont	66.00	500		172,600.34	
				Total Public Improvements						99.00	\$6.00	0.00%	\$72,809.74	\$0.0
W.	Drivier	7001	#21Movremed	Public Services	ras.	Die	2340	Yes	Complete.	517,705.50	\$12,000,00		512,000.00	\$12,500
4	Dove	2021	E01942404000	Futak Services	004	URC	1000	60	Corpered	47:04 (19 A)	P16,0000		SC9, 08 00	\$216,000
Th.	Emple	2001	METHOD WAS	Public Services	MM1	Mar.	2000	No.	Corpland	140,000.20	\$40,500.0E		840,000.80	199,200
				Total Public Services						\$268,105.00	\$200,100.00	34.70%	5266,105.00	\$250,105.0
				CAPES Bourier Fythis Services						\$13,000.00	\$12,000.00		\$22,000,00	\$12,000
				NON-EARIS Retains Public Services						\$356,345.00	\$256,166.40		\$354,108.00	\$255,165.0
				Total 2021 - CDRG						\$1,507,980.65	41,511,216,19	43.30%	\$1,810,042.24	\$1,048,580
				Total 2021						91,567,691.66	41,511,219.16	84,30%	81,816,142.34	\$1,048,589.0
				Grand Total						41.507 BBL 05	SESSEE DISTRIBUTE	W1.50%	41,000,142.24	\$1,045,1991

PART I: SUMMARY OF CORE RESOURCES		
IN THE PERSON HAVE FUNDED AT THE CHARACTER PROTECTION VALUE	1100	
to participate analytic	L414000x8-	
32 SURPLIS INDIAN ACHEVAL	0.00	
BY SECTION LINE CLASSIFICATION LINES STARTED	000	
IS CLERENT YEAR PROGRAM INCOME.	109/887/07	
THE CONSIST YEAR SECTION ON PROGRAM INCOME (FOR SETIME)	1150	
30 AUNDS HICTORINGD TO THE LIME-SH-CREDIT	000	
No runds remarked no the Libra, cost, Account	1000	
87 ACMISTRATITY OF COMPANY TOYAL ANALAMIE	3000	
16 TONIL MALASLE (SM., LINES DIFOT)	1,523,669.07	
PART II: SUMMARY OF COME EXPENSITURES		
THE DESIGNATIONS OF THE PART SECTION HE REWINDING WID IS AND	1.62 888.86	
6 ADJUSTMENT TO COMMUTE TOTAL ANGULAT SUBJECT TO LOW MODIFIEMENT	0.00	
31. AMOUNT SUBJECT TO LOWINGO BENETIT (LINE 50 + LINE 50)	1.38176049	
TZ. DEBONESED IN CLES FOR TRANSPORTATION.	562,123m1	
In produced to the SCH SECTION TO REPAYMENTS	AMIG	
PA ADMINISTRATION OF THE PARTY EXPENDENCES.	0.00	
15 IDDA ISPENDITIVES (SUP. CINE) LF (4)	1,426,647.37	
#6 NACHOLOGIC BATWACT (THE SE-THE IZ)	=44.72 (T)	
PART III) LOWINGO BENEFIT THIS REPORTING PERSOD		
17 EXPERIEND TO A LONGINGO HOUSING IN SPECIAL APENS	0.00	
## DOMNADD TOR COM/POD MULTI-MET HOUSENED	11,000	
19 HARRIERO FOA COMPACT ANTHUS	475 TIAST	
30 AGUS MORT 30 SOMMER TOTAL LOWINGO ERROT		See worse brown
AT TOTAL CONTROL CASH, LINES CHARGE	1.200,452:12	
\$5 Activities (104/4400 caresta, (104c 21) caresta.	M. ma	
LOW/MOD BENEFIT FOR MULTI-YEAR CERTIFICATIONS		
29 PROGRAM YEARSPHY COVERE IN CHIEFFORTION 24 COMMUNITY REFERENCIATE SIRRED THI CONTROL REBERT DALF CARPIN	20 to 50	
25 DIMINATING EXPENDITIONS ISSNET THE CHANNED RESOLUTION OF THE CHANNEL OF THE CH		
20 CHARLES BENEFIT OF LOWARDO FERSONS (LEE 25/LEE 26)	0.000	
PART IN: PUBLIC SERVICE (PS) CAP CALCULATIONS	CAUSE.	
TO USEASED DUES OF PRACTICAL TO	49.88.0	
88 TRIANGUIDATES DISUBATION AT HIS DECLERANT TRANSPORTATION.	0.00	
29 No LINLINGTON CREMITATIONS AT 1800 OF REPORTED PRINCIPLES PRINCIPLES AND ADDRESS OF THE PRINC	0.60	
A Ability of the second of the	77.80	" See dema pelow
If the 5 contains the 27 the 5 the 51	776,304,60	our remit remit
TO DITTILIHON GAWT	1,814,162,00	
5) 1990s Year Pathgary (NOTH)	208.676/00	
34 AGUISTAGAT TO COMPANIE TOTAL SIGNACT TO PS CAP	0.00	
85 YOM SHEET TO IS CIR ISSE, USSS 32 PL	2.002890	
36 PERCENT FLANS UNLIVATED FOR ITS ACTIVITIES (LIDE STUDIE D)	23.05%	
PART V: PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION (PA) CAP		
T/ VERBARRED IN IDS FOR PLANNING ADMINISTRACTION	267.12681	
38 9A LHAZQARDATED CHIZGATTORS AT DISC OF CLASSIAN WORKEN WARD	0.00	
89 94 HE QUIDATED CHEIGHT DISS AT THE OF PROYOUS PROCESN VEHI	1000	
40 Acting recent to promoting that as Asia planticals.	0.00	
4) TOTALIN DECEMBERORS (LINE 37 + LINE 38 - LINE 39 - LINE 40)	267,129611	
42. INITITIES GAME	1.814.88200	
41 (SHIENT YEAR PERSONAL INCOME	instru	
44 ADESTAGRAT TO COMPOUND TOTAL SIGNACT TO PA CAR	0.00	
4s YOM, SHEET TO PACE (See, USES SE-44)	1.503,899,07	
66 PERCENT PLANTS DISCHARD FOR FA ACTIVITIES (CIRC. 41/LPR: 45)	75.09%	
Trans to make a property of the party of the		

LINE 17 DEFAIL ACTIVITIES TO CONSIDER IN DETERMINISH THE AMOUNT TO ENTER ON THEIR IS

LIRE IS DEFAIL. ACTIVITIES TO CONSIDER IN DETERMINING THE AMOUNT TO ENTRE ON LINE IS

Year Year	IDIS Project	toes	Activity	Activity Marie:	Code	Petiting	Drawn Arecork
200	2	2777		Maurit Praid Admin Telesco	Tatt	LMH	- GW 15: 44
					140	Matrix Code	\$268,336.44
Total							1218,336,41

LINE 19 DETAIL: ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE COMPUTATION OF LINE 19

Plan: Year	ims Preject	Activity	Number	Activity Bayes	Number Come	Netional Objective	Drawn Amount
2001	12	27+0	DECIMA	(Sull Septic Care)	105A	Tal.	(MESUS)
200	1.7	2340	1.0(6)	HREF Serail Like:	954	(PRI	47,386,17
					eia	Mano: Com	#12,000,00
3023	6	2393	6.680756	Peril Spring Words	(19)4	LIM,	579,586,08
30.2	6	2335	600024	FIRST NOVEL MADE.	058	186	638,790.70
207:	6	2735	6621944	Part Ninox Work.	(852)	LAC	19.635.92
202:	Fi .	2395	F430000	Ped Rock Will's	054	100	\$7,068.96
300	-0	238	6852306	Net Knox Work	one	LIAC	M0.90199

		1000			100		V-100
2011	0	205	6666678	WIR Knox Work	058	LIKE	\$20,942.73
3012	0	2005	Lighting	EAL Red Bearing	0694	Dec.	314,057,64
2001	6.	2505	6000296	FACE flod floorery	094	The C	617,673.12
2021	6	2330	5630101	FMAL Tear Receive	(058)	THE	817,299.24
2021	.6	2336	54063888	MAL Plot Rearty	OSH	LHK	\$2,000.00
2011	0	2507	DATEWIE	Sithiation Army Nathwey of Hope-	osh	Lesc	s12,751.95
3015	-6	2117	- 64/2 N/L	Shinton Arry Summy of Higgs	10031	LHC	43,0938
2011	-6	2,837	- 681350s	Stellton may rething of Hope.	10941	THC.	\$4,288.70
					DSH	Matrix Cope	1776,115.00
2010	1	1299	-648W75W	CACHWA	OW	Lec	\$38,894,85
2010	1	2794	0.000094	CNS HMM	052	Left	\$11,405.00°
2021	13	234L	60mm	WE The Caper	052	Links	\$29,797.63
3021	39.	3346	68/8294	Will The Fayer	052	0.000	529,669,05
2011	21	2390	50027954	WE THE FIVE	(152	Link;	840,294-46
70/1	0.	2391	Fig. 80000	VBI. The Flyer	62	LIM	\$18,593.20
2021	15	2541	5402,798	VPK: The Poyer	052	Lesc	:59,140.05
2021	13	2341	6666537	Milk Timuftyer	052	Linc	\$7,539.04
					942	Hatrix Code	\$146,280,60
8027		2000	-659759	ETIE.	168	Links	614,577.18
307;	4	2304	6396765	FIDE	150	1993	52,6H-12
200	4	2,934	6406291	entr:	168	LIM	\$3,444.67
200		2554	M. Home	PHINC:	170	DW	\$2,625.50
2002	.00	2314	6862796	ETITIS:	100	Links	94,912.69
8007		2394	6671706	EUO.	168	(04)	58,174,62
					188	Matrix Code	8.86,128.77
Votal							\$473,734,37
		2338		CAC Emergency Home Repair	14A	LMH	\$500,000,60
		2339		NHI Mirror Home Repair	14A	LWH	\$262,050.00
		2329		Owner-occupied Housing Retracilitation - General Expenses	144	LMH	56,784.45
		2330		Owner-occupied Housing Rehabilitation - Leed-based Faint Expenses	14A	LMH	\$283.10
		2152		Owner-occupied Housing Rehabilitation - 1728 Connecticut	14A	LMH	\$650.00
		2348		HomeSource East Tennesses - Downpayment and Behabilitarius	138	LMH	\$26,000.00
							\$795,767.75
							\$1.269.482.12

LINE 27 DETAIL: ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE COMPLITATION OF LINE 27

Pier- Your	ints Project	tists activity	Vouction founder	Approve to prevent, propert for, and respond to	Activity Henry	Count Human	First Type	Habris Code	(National Objective	
				SECREBILINE						Drawn Arrangs
2011	11	2346	6662,319	West.	Hitt bevor care	92/HE4/OHIS	FIN	054	Tat.	30 405.00
2021	LL.	2540	0806878	Vien	HIST Since Care	821862470005	EFA	ODA.	Linc	25.98(1)
								95A	Matrix Code:	\$12,000.00
2021	6	2335	659708	Print.	NYE O'ES WORK	BS1NC4T0005	EN	058	LMC	.\$79.5087E
3071	-	2305	5608294	NE	AHE SYCH SWAY.	82(NE4T0885	131	058	LINC	\$59,700.TE
30/1	6	2335	6621944	Ne	AHE SYN STOTE	921905470991	EN	OUL	Line	MILES 69
2021	0	2333	D426988	Ni-	ARE Great Miles	MATRICATRING.	Ent	03/1	LINC	\$7,005.96
SOL2	-6-	2395	-665236e	No-	HAN SOLV MODE	-934 MC+00805	199	109H	AME	\$42,801.89
2021	-6	7.505	640000	Per	THE GIR HOLD	821NC470805	599	OSH-	DAD	\$2,1645.72
2001	6	7.230	6500750	. Prije	NAUL BUT FREEZY	821MC4T0905	579	10581	DIC	\$14,957,64
2001	6	930W	1000294	P/E	SALLS BAS Reward.	92/1904/10095	199	1691	DISC	81581819
2021	b	2,556	-MISSE	. No.	SAUL MIC NOD'NY	182/19C470996	EN.	05H	Line	\$12,502.34
1027	0	2396	6664658	No	SAU BONDON	B2166970005	279	0584	196	#2.900000
8023	6	7307	64 center	Pile:	Southern Kerry Harrings of House	B19NC470993	191	IBH-	LINE	WS (F.00.00)
2073	6	7337	643000	NE	Sidulton Frey Piltywy & Post	BZONG-FR005	534	dsH-	LAC	\$7.711.08
300's	.6	2017	BEAT WATER	Pitte	Similario entry Patricky of Prints	1030815-4T0005	-01	1000	DMC.	\$1,000.00
3021	6	233/	NAV 1906	No.	Smoothy Army Potyway It Flace:	630AIC47060E	W	05H	LEW	34.218.76
								C5H	Matrix Code	1276,105.00
2080	1	200	-6300000	Yes	COCHE	- Ordendaments	99	1092	Ine)	\$29,644.00
3000	1	2794	6400294	Yes	CICHE	BTONC4TORGS	.59	(052)	ERC.	\$11,435,66
2001	41	2341	1467758	790	IMC The favor	TERMENTONS	579	1002	LINC .	\$23,767.57
202:	11	9341	F400394	750	VMC TW Foer	MINORE RTORGS	EN.	052	LITTE	\$24.849.0F
2025	11	2741	6623944	Vite	WAC The Four	missect-propers	129	012	LINC	\$10,298.48
8001	38.1	Wide.	6/3000	Vite	mik Thin Score	gliship impat	500	062	100	818.493.00
3023	91	250	6600,006	Yes	SMC TWY BURN	010HC470003	491	052	1000	20 046 06
7001	0	2501	5006EEE	Yes	IMC fill fowr	015NG41000S	574	002	LMC	\$7,130.04
								652	Matrie Code:	\$149,280.00
				100	Activity to prevent, prepare for, and respend to Coronavirus					\$376,185,00
				fts .	Activity to prevent, prepare for, and respond to Coronavirus				_	6161,280.60
Tipital.					The second secon					5437,385.00

LINE 37 DETAIL: ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE COMMITATION OF LINE 37

Year		Activity	PARAMET:	Activity Namo	Cres	Objective	Draws Amount
8017	1	1302	6600094	TORS limens ageno	100	-	\$40 /58 YE
3027	1	7.707	SEVERIT.	CDBS (press) Admin	201		8/187,170705
					ALE	Matrix Code	5267,128,81
Total							\$267,126,01



PART I: SUMMARY OF CDBG-CV RESOURCES	
OH CORRECT GRANT	2,883 (14.00
02 FUNDS RETURNED TO THE LINE-OF CREDIT	0.00.
03 FLINDS RETURNED TO THE LOCAL COBS ACCOUNT	0.00
04 TOTAL AVAILABLE (SUM, LINES 01-03)	2.889.714.00
PART II: SUMMARY OF COBG-CV EXPENDITURES	
05 DISDUIGEMENTS OTHER THAN SECTION FOR REPAYMENTS AND PLANNING/ADMINISTRATION	1.548,922.44
08 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR FLANNING/ADMINISTRATION	118,150.07
07 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR SECTION 408 REPAYMENTS	0.00
00 TOTAL EXPENDITURES (SUM, LINES 05 - 07)	1.667.081.51
09 UNEXPENDED BALANCE (LINE 04 - LINES)	1.222.632.49
PART II: LOWMOD BENEFIT FOR THE CORG-CV GRANT	
10 EXPENDED FOR LOWINGD HOUSING IN SPECIAL AREAS	0.00
11 EXPENDED FOR LOWARD MULTICUMT HOUSING	0.00
12 DISTRUKSED FOR OTHER LOWINGO ACTIVITIES	1.546.922.44
13 TOTAL LÓWMOD CREDIT (SUM LINES 10 - 12)	1.545 692 44
14 AMOUNT SUBJECT TO LOW/MOD BENEFIT (LINE 08)	1 548 922 44
15 PERCENT LOWINGO GREDIT (LINE 13/LINE 14)	100,00%
PART IV: PUBLIC SERVICE (PS) CALCULATIONS	
16 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR PUBLIC SERVICES	1 549 922 44
17 CDBG-CV GRANT	2,889,714,00
18 PERCENT OF FUNDS DISBURSED FOR PS ACTIVITIES (LINE 16/LINE 11)	800 60
PART V. PLANNING AND ADMINISTRATION (PA) CAP	
10 DISBURSED IN IDIS FOR PLANNING/ADMINISTRATION	118,199.07
20 COBG-EV GRANT	2,889,714,00
21 PERCENT OF FUNDS DISBURSED FOR PA ACTIVITIES (LINE 19/LINE 20)	4 09%

LINE 10 DETAIL: ACTIVITIES TO CONSIDER IN DETERMINING THE AMOUNT TO ENTER ON LINE 18

Report returned no data.

LINE 11 DETAIL: ACTIVITIES TO CONSIDER IN DETERMINING THE AMOUNT TO ENTER ON LINE 11

Report returned no data.

LINE 12 DETAIL: ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE COMPUTATION OF LINE 12

Plan Year	Dis Project	Activity	Vouclier Number	Activity Name	Matrix Code	National Objective	Drawn Amount
2020	1	2294	6459685	CACHAP	052	LMC	\$127,418.01
			.6470770	CACHAM	052	LMC	\$58,062.67
			B498728	CACHAP	057.	LMC	961,162,16
			6518269	CACHAP	052	LMC	\$71,591.84
		2295	5459886	Compassion Coaldion HAP	052	LMC	\$154,676,07
			6470770	Compassion Ceation HAP	062	LMC:	\$38,123.60
			8498728	Compassion Costson HAP	05Z	LMC	\$10,071,37
			5516269	Compassion Couldon HAP	tisz:	LMC	\$40,842.52
			6528354	Compassion Castalon HAP	500	LMC	\$27,857.23
		2296	5459685	HomeSource East Transcosee HAP	UNZ	LMC	\$31,894.11
			5408728	HomeSpurce East Tennessee HAP	05Z	LMC	\$20,946.46
			8518268	HomeSource East Tennessee HAP	0.5Z	LMC	348,466,16
			8540345	HameSource East Tennessee HAP	052	LANC	\$15,070.01
		2297	6459535	Motive Media	052	LMC	526 187 30
			6516268	Motolie Meals	052	LMG	\$50,790.65
			6528354	Mobile Meals	052	LMC	\$16,019.05
		2323	6540345	CONNECT Ministries	05Z	EMG	\$49,017.10
			9558488	CONNECT Mentions	052	LANC	\$24,292.81
			6580528	CONNECT Minetime	05Z	LMS	\$93,132.31
			6608529	CONNECT MYREDRE	052	LMG	\$18,320.20

66219	3 CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$26,506.35
66369	9 CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$8,953.68
96633	G CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$19,296.54
96717	6 CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$9,415.50
2344 65808	8 KAUL Housing Assistance	05Z	LMC	\$23,392.36
96085	9 KAUL Housing Assistance	05Z	LMC	\$14,250.72
96369	9 KAUL Housing Assistance	05Z	LMC	\$16,974.42
66717	6 KAUL Housing Assistance	05Z	LMC	\$13,293.96
2345 65808	8 PS/CAC Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$33,091.20
65987	G PS/CAC Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$25,964.80
66369	9 PS/CAC Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$24,832.00
96717	6 PS/CAC Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$16,112.00
2346 65808	8 KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$77,089.39
66085	9 KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$35,968.39
66219	3 KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$20,735.15
66369	9 KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$23,495.32
66633	3 KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$44,080.94
96717	6 KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$24,648.82
2347 66085	9 McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$30,733.73
96369	9 McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$20,532.12
66633	3 McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$11,759.76
96717	6 McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$12,116.62
86751	3 McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$22,833.63
Total			_	\$1,548,922.44

LINE 16 DETAIL: ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE COMPUTATION OF LINE 16

Plan Year	IDIS Project	IDIS Activity	Voucher Number	Activity Name	Matrix Code	National Objective	Drawn Amount
2020	1	2294	6459685	CACHAP	05Z	LMC	\$127,418.01
			6470770	CAC HAP	05Z	LMC	\$58,962.97
			6498728	CACHAP	05Z	LMC	\$61,162.18
			6516269	CACHAP	05Z	LMC	\$71,591.84
		2295	6459685	Compassion Coalition HAP	05Z	LMC	\$154,675.07
			6470770	Compassion Coalition HAP	05Z	LMC	\$38,123.80
			6498728	Compassion Coalition HAP	05Z	LMC	\$10,971.37
			6516269	Compassion Coalition HAP	05Z	LMC	\$40,842.52
			6528354	Compassion Coalition HAP	05Z	LMC	\$27,957.23
		2296	6459685	HomeSource East Tennessee HAP	05Z	LMC	\$31,894.11
			6498728	HomeSource East Tennessee HAP	05Z	LMC	\$20,946.46
			6516269	HomeSource East Tennessee HAP	05Z	LMC	\$48,466.15
			6540345	HomeSource East Tennessee HAP	05Z	LMC	\$15,070.91
		2297	6459685	Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$26,187.30
			6516269	Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$55,793.65
			6528354	Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$18,019.05
		2323	6540345	CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$49,017.10
			6558498	CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$24,292.81
			6580828	CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$93,132.31
			6608529	CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$18,320.20
			6621963	CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$26,506.35
			6636999	CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$8,953.68
			6663393	CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$19,296.54
			6671726	CONNECT Ministries	05Z	LMC	\$9,415.50
		2344	6580828	KAUL Housing Assistance	05Z	LMC	\$23,392.36
			6608529	KAUL Housing Assistance	05Z	LMC	\$14,250.72
			6636999	KAUL Housing Assistance	05Z	LMC	\$16,974.42
			6671726	KAUL Housing Assistance	05Z	LMC	\$13,293.96
		2345	6580828	PS/CAC Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$33,091.20
			6598793	PS/CAC Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$25,964.80
			6636999	PS/CAC Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$24,832.00
			6671726	PS/CAC Mobile Meals	05Z	LMC	\$16,112.00
		2346	6580828	KLF Bright Futures	052	LMC	\$77,089.39
			6608529	KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$35,968.39
			6621963	KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$20,735.15

Total					\$1,548,922.44
	6675113	McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$22,833.63
	6671726	McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$12,116.62
	6663393	McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$11,759.76
	6636999	McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$20,532.12
23	47 6608529	McNabb Transitional Housing	05B	LMC	\$30,733.73
	6671726	KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$24,648.82
	6663393	KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$44,080.94
	6636999	KLF Bright Futures	05Z	LMC	\$23,496.32

LINE 19 DETAIL: ACTIVITIES INCLUDED IN THE COMPUTATION OF LINE 19

Plan Year	IDIS Project	IDIS Activity	Voucher Number	Activity Name	Matrix Code	National Objective	Drawn Amount
2020	2	2298	6459685	CDBG-CV Administration	21A		\$2,174.03
			6547328	CDBG-CV Administration	21A		\$31,296.37
			6558498	CDBG-CV Administration	21A		\$355.14
			6580828	CDBG-CV Administration	21A		\$887.15
			6608529	CDBG-CV Administration	21A		\$27,186.76
			6675113	CDBG-CV Administration	21A		\$56,259.62
Total							\$118,159.07

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SAGE Report



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Project Outcomes

Project outcomes are required for all CAPERS where the program year start date is 1-1-2021 or later. This form replaces the narrative in CR-70 of the eCon Planning

From the Action Plan that covered ESG for this reporting period copy and paste or retype the information in Question 5 on screen AP-90: "Describe performance standards for evaluating ESG.*

> There is a performance criteria section in each subgrantee contract. Two components include: (1) Quantifiable Performance Standards (the services an organization or agency will provide), and (2) Quarterly Performance Goal (a numerical projection of what an organization or agency will achieve each quarter).

On a quarterly basis, organizations and agencies submit reports describing services rendered and number of individuals served. The City reviews these reports to measure, validate and verify how services have improved and enhanced the lives of clients in compliance with ESG standards. The City uses this information to assess performance as well to formulate data for year-end reports.

The City uses a Risk Analysis Matrix to determine which subrecipients will receive formal in-person monitoring. The focus of monitoring is: (1) To review operations, administrative, finencial and programmatic;

- (2) To assess the reliability of internal controls (general management/business practices and procedures);
 (3) To verify contractual and regulatory compliance (city, state and federal);
- (4) To verify that goels and objectives (performance criteria and standards) are met.
- (5) To verify the civil rights requirements are met;(6) To test the reliability/velidation of invoices and reports (documentation);
- (7) To determine if costs and services are allowable and eligible, and that clientele served is eligible, and (8) To ensure and assure that the agency has the capacity to carry out the project.

Based on the information from the Action Plan response previously provided to HUD:

1. Briefly describe how you met the performance standards identified in A-90 this program year. If they are not measurable as written type in N/A as the answer

Both agencies submitted quarterly reports so City staff could determine whether the project was on track to meet the performance metrics from

the subgrantee egreements.

Monthly deak monitoring was completed to ensure all expenditures were eligible, allocable, and reasonable. In the third quarter, subgrantees were evaluated using a filsk Analysis Matrix. Both projects were labeled as "Low filsk" in PY21; therefore, on site monitoring was not required for those projects.

2. Briefly describe what you did not meet and why. If they are not measurable as written type in N/A as the answer.

All PY21 ESB performance standards were met.

OR

3. If your standards were not written as measurable, provide a sample of what you will change them to in the future? If they were measurable and you answered above type in N/A as the answ

All PY21 ESG performance standards were met.

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9/28/22 4:36 PM Sage: Reports: HUD ESG CAPER Financial information ESG Information from IDIS As of 9/23/2022 FY Grant Number Current Authorized Amount Funds Committed By Recipient Funds Drawn Balance Remaining Obligation Date Expenditure 2021 E21MO470005 \$150,252.00 \$150,252,00 \$135,904,67 \$13,947.58 8/1/0/2021 3/16/2023 2020 E20M0470005 9146,649.00 \$148,849,00 10/6/2020 10/6/2022 2019 2018 2017 2018 2015 E412051.00 \$413,051,00 9399,763.67 913,847 53 Total 2018 No 2021 2020 2019 2017 2016 Expenditures FY2021 Annual ESG Funds for Homelessness Prevention Non-COVID Relocation and Stabilization Services, Financial Assistance Relocation and Stabilization Services - Services Hagard Pay (Unique detivity) Landord morrows (Unique activity) Volunteel Incentives (unique activity) Training (unique access) Homoless Prevention Expenses 0.00 FY2021 Annua ESG Funds for Rapid Re-Housing Non-CDVID Rinkel Assistance Retocation and Stunitization Services. Financial Assistance Intocation and Standardton Services - Services 35,485.67 Listard Play romand activity) Landroid Incomives (sharpe potrate) Volumbee Incompressionique acrossyl Triutning duringon services RRH Expenses 35,485.67 FY2021 Annual ESG Funds for Emergency Shelter Non-COVID Expertial Services 85,090.97 Operations 5,060.03 Major Rehab Conversion Hazard Pay (unique activity) Volunteer Incentives (unique activity) Training (unique activity) Emergency Shelter Expenses 90,151,00 FY2021 Annua ESG Funds for Temporary Emergency Shelter Non-COVID Essential Services Operations Leasing existing real property or temporary Structures ADDRESSE Renovation Hazard Pay (unique activity) ounteer incentives (unique activity).

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287,425.44

CAPER 62

Total ESG expenditures plus match

Total expenditures plus match for all years

PY2021-2022 Contractor Subcontractor Report

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City of Knowille Housing and											Chi	ck if	400 W. blain?			
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identification of property, subdivision, dealing unit, ex-	Contract or Subcontact	Crale (Sup below)	Recial Ethnic (Sep Below)	Woman Owned Blumon (You or No.	Prime Contractor Identification (IE) Number	Sec. 2	Identification (ED) Number	Sec. 2								
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M-FPMC-FF420E	\$ 21,879.79	2	- 1	Yes	Unkervo	Na			Second Serry	Construction, Inc.	3413 E 3	Hayrolia /	re	Kencylle	EN	37917
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M-36-MID-41-6306	\$ 51,223.50	2	1	No	63-1374495	NA.	415-78-0084	No	ARC Washi			College Sen		Lohenon	EN .	37997
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Draft CAPER



Housing and Neighborhood Development Department

Amy Brooks, Director

PY2021-2022

Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) September 13, 2022

For U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Community Planning and Development (CPD) Programs:

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG)

HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) and

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG)

CR-05 - Goals and Outcomes

Progress the jurisdiction has made in carrying out its strategic plan and its action plan. 91.520(a)

This could be an overview that includes major initiatives and highlights that were proposed and executed throughout the program year.

Program Year (PY) 2021-2022 was the second year of the PY2020-2024 Consolidated (strategic) Plan period and the second year coping with the impact of the coronavirus/COVID-19 pandemic and its economic consequences.

The City of Knoxville outlined certain goals and high priority objectives (see Attachment 1) in its five-year Consolidated Plan to be addressed through its annual allocations of U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) funding. The plan was developed through an extensive community engagement process in the summer of 2019, prior to the pandemic. As circumstances changed with the onset of COVID-19 and the enactment of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act in March 2020, HUD allocated supplemental funds to grantees, including the City of Knoxville. HUD also provided waivers and flexibilities to its funding programs. The City addressed these additional funds and the needs they would meet, in substantial amendments to its PY2019-2020 Annual Action Plan. The 2019-2020 Annual Action Plan, 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan (which includes the Annual Action Plan describing specific goals for PY2021-2022), and the amendments are all available at www.knoxvilletn.gov/development under the "Reports and Plans" tab.

The priority community needs, listed as Goals in the sections below, provide the framework for describing the accomplishments in the 2021-2022 program year that began July 1, 2021, and ended June 30, 2022. Included are activities funded with HUD Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), and Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) programs as well as CARES Act supplemental HUD funds (CDBG-CV and ESG-CV) intended to *prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19*. Other funds, including local funds for affordable housing and homelessness contributed by the City and State of Tennessee/THDA ESG-CV funds for homelessness, will also be described in the report.

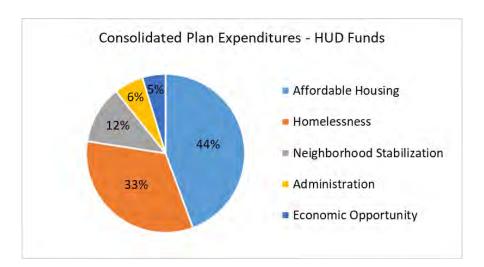
2020 – 2024 Consolidated (Strategic) Plan

The 2020-2024 Consolidated Plan set the following goals: Reduce and Prevent Homelessness; Stabilize and Revitalize Neighborhoods; Create Economic Opportunity; and Enhance the Availability, Accessibility, and Quality of Affordable Housing.

During PY2021-2022, the City spent \$5,858,210 in HUD funds on the following:

• Affordable Housing - \$2,600,922 (44%)

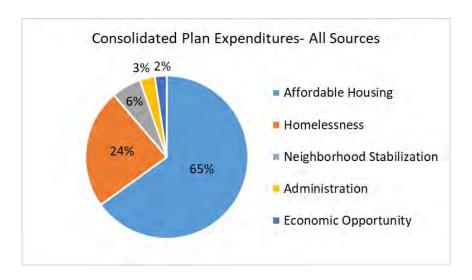
- Homelessness \$1,936,907 (33%)
- Neighborhood Stabilization \$692,456 (12%)
- Administration \$351,817 (6%)
- Economic Opportunity \$276,105 (5%)



The City also spent \$5,872,799 in non-federal funds during the program year:

- \$5,030,285 in local Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Funds (Affordable Housing)
- \$641,993.04 in Tennessee Housing Development Agency (THDA) ESG-CV funds (Homelessness)
- \$200,521 in local Homeless General Funds (Homelessness)

When these expenditures are added, the breakdown by Consolidated Plan category is shown below.



Next, expenditures during the program year for each Consolidated Plan category will be discussed. Additional detail on funding amounts and how they were used can be found later in this document.

Goal: Enhance the Availability, Accessibility, and Quality of Affordable Housing

Affordable housing is the cornerstone of the City of Knoxville's Consolidated Plan and is critical to:

- Preventing housing instability that leads to homelessness;
- Reducing and shortening length of homelessness;
- Stabilizing and revitalizing neighborhoods; and
- Creating economic opportunity.

The City's Housing and Neighborhood Development department (HND) coordinates the City's affordable housing development and rehabilitation programs. During the program year, both HUD HOME and CDBG funds (shown in blue below), and local Affordable Rental Development (ARD) funds (shown in orange below) were used to accomplish the goal. The chart below shows affordable housing activity expenditures from all funding sources during PY2021-2022.

Affordable Hou	ising E	xpenditures - All Sourc	es
Downpayment & Rehab	0%	\$26,000.00	
Downpayment Assistance	0%	\$26,713.00	
Acquisition & Rehab (owner-occ)	2%	\$186,237.00	
Owner-occupied Housing Rehab	8%	\$605,917.86	
Emergency/Minor Home Repairs	10%	\$762,050.00	
Rental Housing Rehab	13%	\$994,004.43	
New Rental Development	66%		\$5,030,285.17

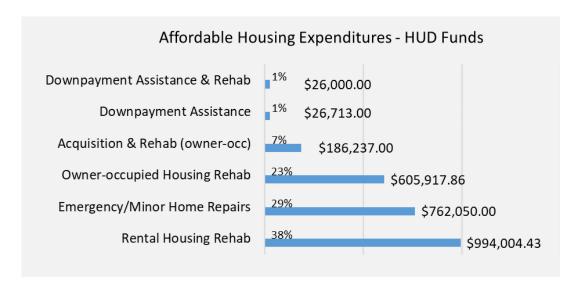
HUD Funds

PY2021-2022 HUD Fund Expenditures: \$2,600,922.29

- \$1,516,818.10 HOME allocations, program income, and unspent prior year funds
- \$1,984,104.19 CDBG allocations, program income, and unspent prior year funds

PY2021-2022 Accomplishments:

Responding to the dramatic increase of housing costs¹ in the past couple of years, the City of Knoxville used the majority of its HOME and CDBG funds on affordable housing activities. Rental Housing rehabilitation made up the largest housing expense (38%), followed by Emergency/Minor Home Repairs (29%), Owner-occupied Housing Rehabilitation (23%), Acquisition and Rehabilitation for purchase through Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) (7%), Down Payment Assistance to purchasers of CHDO-developed housing (1%), and Down Payment Assistance and Rehabilitation through one CHDO (1%). Please see the chart below of HUD-funded affordable housing expenditures during PY2021-2022.



Affordable housing units completed in PY2021-2022, include: 129 rental units (74 of which were HOME-assisted); 184 units had emergency or minor home repairs, including accessibility modifications; 3 LMI owner-occupied units had substantial rehabilitation; five units were rehabilitated by CHDOs for purchase by LMI homebuyers; and 2 LMI homebuyers were provided down payment assistance of CHDO-developed homes. At the end of the program year: two rental units were undergoing rehabilitation; two owner-occupied units are being developed by CHDOs; and five owner-occupied housing units are being rehabbed. THDA also recently awarded Multifamily Tax-Exempt Bond financing (4% LIHTC) for the rehabilitation of 240 units of affordable housing for seniors at Westview Towers. The City anticipates

¹ Housing costs have dramatically increased in the past several years, with the highest increases occurring between 2020 and 2021 – the first year of the pandemic and the height of the economic shutdown. While rents were steadily increasing before the pandemic, the average apartment rent in the Knoxville area (Knox and four adjacent counties are included in the statistics for "Knoxville") rose 11.8% (\$131/month) from 2020 to 2021 (Source: RentCafé.com, February 2022). Average single-family home sales have also increased, estimated at 23% year over year, from \$196,000 in 2016 to over \$333,000 in 2021 (an increase of \$137,000). The largest increase was also seen between 2020 and 2021. Further increases in average home sales are expected in 2022, from 2.9% to 7.7%, due to continued supply and demand issues. (Source: WATE.com January 18, 2022).

using HUD HOME funds on the project as well. The PY2022-2023 will include a report on how this is progressing.

City of Knoxville Funds

The City of Knoxville is committed to the development of new affordable rental housing units. In July 2017, the Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund was created with \$2 M in local funds committed in its first year. Over the next three years, City Council added another \$10.6 M in local funds, for a total of \$12.6 M. During that time, the City also used a little over \$1 M of its HUD funds for the development of new rental housing. Through PY2020, \$4,445,000 of ARD Funds were spent to complete 547 new rental units.

PY2017-PY2020 Completed Units									
Development	Target Clientele	AMI	Total Units	ARD Funds	Status				
Restoration House	Families	0-50% AMI	30	\$330,000	Completed				
Middlebrook Gardens	Permanent Supportive Housing for Veterans	0-50% AMI	10	\$300,000	Completed				
Southside Flats	Families	0-50% AMI	172	\$360,000	Completed				
Cottages at Clifton	Elderly/Disabled	0-30% AMI	53	\$1,200,000	Completed				
Young High Flats	Families	0-50% AMI	156	\$1,320,000	Completed				
Flats at Pond Gap	Families	0-50% AMI	102	\$555,000	Completed				
Village at Holston Place	Elderly/Disabled	0-60% AMI	24	\$380,000	Completed				

PY2021-2022 Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund Expenditures: \$3,920,000

PY2021-2022 Accomplishments

Construction of 292 new affordable rental units was completed in PY2021-2022. While all of the tenants must have incomes within 80% of Area Median Income (AMI), approximately 33% of the units were restricted to 50% AMI. Of the tenants moving in, 39% had *extremely low-income* (0-30% AMI), 39% had very low-income (30-50% AMI) and 21.7% had *low-income* (50-80% of AMI). Fifty (50) units, or 17%, are restricted units for the elderly households.

Three developers, two non-profit (McNabb and KCDC) and one for-profit developer (Elmington Capital Group) used \$3,920,000 in local ARD funds in three different developments across Knoxville: Elmington Capital Group developed 192 units in West Knoxville (Moss Grove Flats); KCDC developed 50 units in East Knoxville (Holston Drive); and McNabb developed 50 units of Permanent Supportive Housing for the elderly in North Knoxville (Dogwood Springs). See the chart below.

Completed in PY2021-2022								
Burlington Commons	Families	0-80% AMI	50	\$1,470,000	Completed			
Moss Grove Flats	Families	0-50%,-80% AMI	192	\$950,000	Completed			
Dogwood Springs	Permanent Supportive Housing (Elderly)	0-50% AMI	50	\$1,500,000	Completed			

There are an additional \$5,900,000 in ARD funds obligated to 210 units currently under construction (see below). Two of the four developments under construction are Permanent Supportive Housing.

Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) provides permanent housing assistance and supportive services to households where at least one member has a disability in achieving housing stability. Increasing the availability of affordable PSH units in Knoxville is a critical need for the community's efforts to provide pathways to stable housing for individuals who have experienced chronic homelessness and may be struggling with mental illness or addiction. Due to the intensity of services offered by PSH, development of these units is an especially complex challenge requiring partnerships between housing developers and providers of supportive services. Caswell Manor and Dogan-Gaither Flats are expected to be completed in late 2022.

Units Underway								
Development	Target Clientele	AMI	Total Units	ARD Funds	Status			
Caswell Manor	Permanent Supportive Housing	0-50% AMI	50	\$1,440,000	Underway			
Dogan-Gaither Flats	Permanent Supportive Housing	0-50% AMI	16	\$480,000	Underway			
The Ammons	Families	0-60% AMI	80	\$2,000,000	Underway			
Inskip Flats	Families	0-60%, -80% AMI	66	\$1,980,000	Underway			

When completed, a total of \$14,265,000 in ARD Funds will have been spent on developing 1,049 new affordable rental units, providing a home for more than 1,659 residents in Knoxville. These new rental developments – some large and some small – are located across the city and close to public transit. ARD units meet *Energy Star* standards to keep utility costs affordable.

The City, with its community partners and affordable housing advocates, continues to find new ways to meet the housing needs of its more vulnerable residents. The City increased its commitment to affordable housing in May 2021, by establishing an ordinance creating the Knoxville Affordable Housing

Fund. The Knoxville Affordable Housing Fund is a ten-year, \$50 M commitment to support the creation and preservation of safe, high quality, and affordable housing. Addressing these affordable housing concerns is a priority that supports not only the needs of local families, but also the community's efforts to revitalize neighborhoods that have experienced historical disinvestment, attract new business investment, and support workforce development, recruitment and retention. Beginning in PY2021-2022, the City contributed \$8.105 M, exceeding the \$5 M committed.

Pending City Council approval in September 2022), the City will support the development of 50 PSH units integrated into Phase 3 of First Creek at Austin. These PSH units will be 1-bedroom/1-bath permanent supportive housing for elderly residents with *very low incomes*.

		AHF/ARD Unit	s		
Project	Target Clientele	АМІ	Total Units	AHF/ARD Funds	Status
First Creek at Austin Homes Phase 1A and	Families	<u>0-80% AMI</u>	285	\$3,780,000 (AHF)	Phase 1A
2*		0-30% AMI:	88	(AHF)	complete,
		30-60% AMI	131		Phase 2 is expected
		60-80% AMI	66		to be completed
					by December
					2022
Bell Street Flats, First Creek at Austin* (Phase 3)	Permanent Supportive Housing	0-50% AMI	50	\$1,500,000	Coming before City Council on 9/20/2022
KCDC Five Points Infill/scattered site	Large Families (4- and 5-bedroom units)	0-60% AMI	12	\$360,000	Coming before City Council soon
Not Available	Families	0-80% AMI	Approximately 112	\$2,500,000 (ARD)	In planning phase
Not Available	Permanent Supportive Housing		Approximately 58	\$2.9 M	In planning phase
	Families		Approximately 30	\$900,000	

Not Available	Families	Approximately	Not	In
		98	Determined	planning
				phase

^{*} Funding is part of a multi-year commitment by the City to contribute a total of \$14,130,000 over four years to support the full redevelopment of Austin Homes.

The City of Knoxville PY2022-2023 budget contributes an estimated \$11,400,000 to the Affordable Housing Fund, with \$8,500,000 allocated from local City funds and an additional \$2,900,000 of Federal funds. The planned fund uses include:

- \$4.2 M Transforming Western
- \$2.9 M Permanent Supportive Housing
- \$2.5 M Affordable Rental Development (ARD)
- \$1.6 M First Creek at Austin
- \$200 K East Tennessee Affordable Housing Trust Fund

Goal: Reduce and Prevent Homelessness

Like communities across the nation, Knoxville-Knox County is dealing with the latent effects of the pandemic that have resulted in high inflation, reduced vacancy in rental housing, and soaring rent increases. These factors resulted in a surge of individuals/households falling into homelessness. Knoxville-Knox County experienced a 47% increase in total homeless persons since 2021. Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) analysis continues to show that the top three causes of homelessness for Knoxville-Knox County are 1) the lack of affordable housing, 2) health reasons, and 3) evictions.

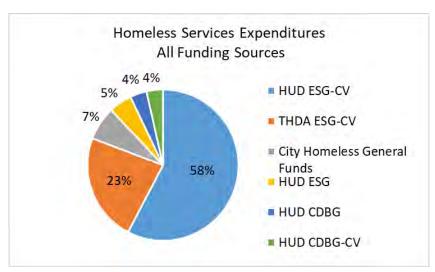
While homelessness is a housing issue with solutions centered on housing and supportive services, development of *new* housing units is just one part of the strategy (see Affordable Housing Accomplishments above). HUD provides state and local governments the opportunity to define strategies in their Continuum of Care (CoC) and Consolidated Plan/Annual Action Plans. The City of Knoxville's Office on Homelessness (OOH) serves as the Collaborative Applicant for the Knoxville-Knox County CoC (TN-502), made up of local homeless shelter and services providers, and submits a single, comprehensive application for HUD CoC funding annually. Funding is allocated to the CoC grantees directly.

The City of Knoxville also receives HUD Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) funds to implement strategies based upon five component categories: Street Outreach; Emergency Shelter/Services; Rapid Re-Housing; Homelessness Prevention; and data collection to measure impact of strategies called Homelessness Management Information System (HMIS). The City made a significant commitment as well, contributing local funds for activities that meet one of the ESG component categories (an ESG-required match requirement) and for other activities that do not. Because both Transitional Housing/Services and

Permanent Supportive Housing are not ESG/ESG-CV eligible activities**, the City contributed local funds for these activities.

PY2021-2022 Expenditures (all sources): \$2,779,422.61

- HUD ESG-CV: \$1,603,028.27 (including \$105,284.27 in administrative expenses)
- THDA ESG-CV: \$641,993.04 (including \$33,333 in administrative expenses)
- City of Knoxville PY2021-2022 Homeless General Funds (match): \$150,520.77
- PY2021-2022 HUD ESG: \$136,904.67 (including \$11,268 in administrative expenses)
- HUD CDBG: \$99,000.00
- HUD CDBG-CV: \$97,975.86
- City of Knoxville PY2021-2022 Homeless General Funds (not eligible for ESG match): \$50,000.00



PY2021-2022 Accomplishments

Unsheltered homelessness has continued to increase during the pandemic. Alarmingly, the number of sheltered homeless individuals is also seeing a sustained surged. In response, the City spent the largest amount (40%) of its total homeless funds on Emergency Shelter/Services serving 2,364 people experiencing literal homelessness. The City subgranted funds, primarily ESG/ESG-CV to non-profit partners providing shelter and services, including: Catholic Charities (serving elderly people); Knoxville-Knox County CAC (serving youth, elderly, and families in non-congregate shelter); the Salvation Army (serving women and children); and the Volunteer Ministry Center (serving individuals). Prior year CDBG funds were also used to provide case management services at The Foyer, the Volunteer Ministry Center's (VMC's) shelter. Emergency Shelter/Services include providing shelter (bed, food, hygiene, etc.) and emergency services (medical, mental health, legal, educational, employment, and housing counseling and referrals, etc.). Services were provided in congregate shelters, such as traditional and *low-barrier* shelters and non-congregate shelter (NCS), such as hotel/motel rooms, to prevent spread of the virus. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), additional hygiene and cleaning supplies were also provided to people experiencing homelessness in both congregate and non-congregate shelter settings. Renovations of bathrooms at The Foyer (VMC) were also completed in early PY2021. The Knoxville-Knox

County CoC used dynamic prioritization to target Emergency Housing Vouchers (EHVs) to households within non-congregate shelter (NCS), as the program does not have sustainable future funding. The intent is to connect as many households in NCS with permanent housing before the program is closed.

Street Outreach services represents the second largest expenditure (23%) and was expanded and tailored to meet the needs of the growing unsheltered population during the program year. A total of 12 outreach workers in the CoC—9 traditional outreach workers and 3 youth-specific outreach workers — engaged more than 771 unsheltered individuals living outdoors, in cars, vacant buildings, and encampments during PY2021-2022. Street Outreach workers provide food, PPE, hygiene and cleaning supplies as well as counseling and referrals to emergency shelters/services. A mobile shower trailer program was implemented during the program year to improve the health and wellness outcomes for individuals experiencing unsheltered homelessness. Located in the City of Knoxville's low-barrier, outdoor *Safe Space*, the program provides supervised and secure access to hygiene and laundry services four days/week. This location has Knoxville-Knox County's highest concentration of unsheltered individuals and provides opportunity for engagement with outreach workers. Outreach workers, outfitted with mobile tablets, conducted coordinated entry assessments onsite with individuals engaging with the program. Challenges include a lack of shelter space, especially non-congregate shelter space.

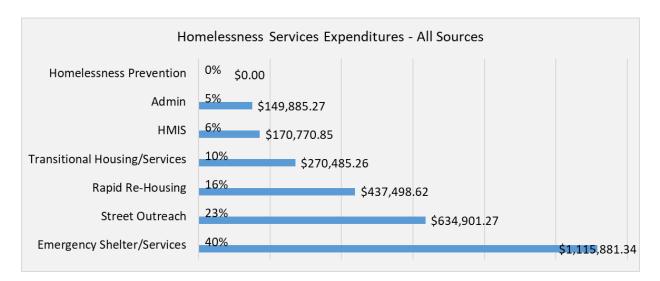
The City of Knoxville spent 16% of its homelessness services funds in PY2021-2022 on Rapid Re-Housing services to help people who are literally homeless to get into permanent housing. The City provided funding to CAC and VMC to provide outreach and engagement, financial assistance (deposits, rent and utility payments, and relocation expenses), referrals to housing, along with housing stabilization counseling to improve housing sustainability to 1,303 individuals during the program year. By nature of being "homeless"/experiencing homelessness, the individuals and families receiving services are considered to have *very low-income* (within 50% of AMI). Data from HMIS shows that 87% of people served during the program year, who were literally homeless, were *extremely low-income* (within 30% of AMI). Of funded projects, 1031 individuals exited during the program year. Exits to permanent housing total 514, roughly half (49.9%). For those who were able to find permanent housing through RRH projects, the number of days to move-in to was 1 day at its lowest and 276 (close to 9 months) at its longest, with the average being closer to 47 days (1.5 months). While Rapid Re-Housing services is a significant community need, efforts are hampered by the lack of permanent housing options. Both Rapid Re-Housing programs will be continued into the PY2022-2023 year.

Approximately 10% of funds spent during the program year was for Transitional Housing/Services. While not an eligible component category for ESG/ESG-CV funds**, Transitional Housing plays an important role when emergency shelters are at capacity. Transitional Housing provides time-limited housing and services and can be a step between emergency shelter and permanent housing. The City subgranted funds to non-profit partners including: McNabb (serving youth), Next Step Initiative (serving adults); and the YWCA (serving single women). These organizations assisted a total of 333 people with Transitional Housing/Services during the program year. **The YWCA's program was provided an exemption because it was funded with ESG when the rules changed in PY2010-2011.

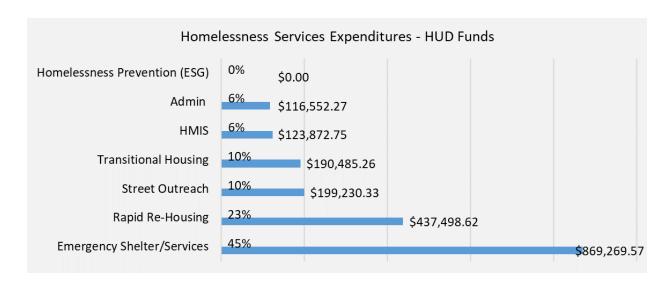
Other expenditures during the program year included:

- 6% for Homelessness Management Information System (HMIS) provided by the University of Tennessee's Social Work Office of Research and Public Service (SWORPS). UT SWORPS provided HMIS-related services including training, tablets for Street Outreach, data collection and analysis, and completed an equity study on the coordinated entry system.
- 5%* for Administration expenses from the City's PY2021-2022 ESG allocation, HUD ESG-CV allocation, and THDA ESG-CV allocation. *Each HUD funding source has a limit of how much of its allocation may be used for administration expenses: ESG (7.5%); HUD ESG-CV (10%); and THDA ESG-CV (approximately 5%).

Below is a chart showing expenditures on homelessness services across all activities (not just ESG component categories) from all funding sources.



Below is a chart showing expenditures from HUD sources, including ESG-CV/ESG, and CDBG/CDBG-CV public services funds.



Although it is an eligible ESG component category, no ESG/ESG-CV funds were expended for Homelessness Prevention in PY2021-2022. Preventing homelessness through rental and utility assistance, an early (and ongoing) concern during the pandemic, using ESG/ESG-CV was hampered by regulations about what constituted *imminent* homelessness and the nationwide eviction moratorium. CDBG-CV funds, however, with HUD waivers and flexibilities, proved to be much more flexible to use for housing payment assistance. With the addition of Emergency Rental Assistance (ERA) funds through the American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act of 2021, approximately \$55 M was made available to Knox County (including the city of Knoxville) residents impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. The City continued to allocate CDBG-CV funds in PY2021-2022, primarily to help meet the need for housing stabilization counseling (a gap with the ARP funds). Accomplishments for housing stabilization is included in the next goal.

Goal: Stabilize and Revitalize Neighborhoods

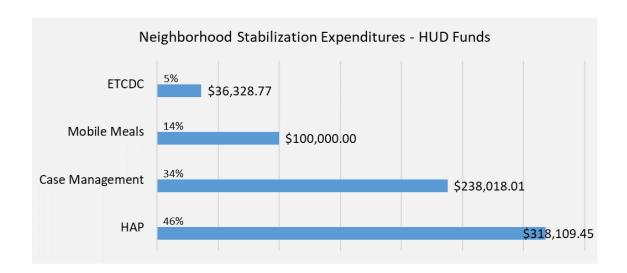
PY2021-2022 HUD Fund Expenditures: \$692,456.23

- \$593,846.86 in CDBG-CV funds
- \$98,609.37 in CDBG funds

PY2021-2022 Accomplishments

Federal funds were expended in four main areas:

- COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program (HAP) \$318,109
- Case Management to Maintain Housing Stability \$238,018
- Mobile Meals \$100,000
- Design and Technical Assistance \$36,329 (CDBG funds only)



COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program (HAP)

The City's COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program (HAP), developed in the spring of 2020, was the first program in the community offering housing payment assistance for people who lost employment or income due to COVID-19. HAP helped to establish the framework that the programs that came after (ie. ARP Emergency Rental Assistance or ERA) would use and helped local agencies develop the capacity needed to administer these other funds. It also served as a major information transfer point during the pandemic where City departments and nonprofits could communicate about what was working/not working, where there were gaps in services, and resources each entity needed to serve the community.

During PY2021-2022, HAP continued through subgrants to agencies providing services that helped to fill gaps identified with the ARP/ERA funding, including: Housing stability case management services; Rent and utility deposits, etc. for individuals/households not on a lease or currently housed; and Relocation services and financial assistance.

Three non-profit partners assisted 301 households/531 individuals at-risk of homelessness in PY2021-2022. Knoxville-Knox County Community Action Committee (CAC) assisted 30 households/63 individuals who had lost income due to COVID-19 with CDBG-funded rental and mortgage assistance and hundreds more with supportive services and referrals to other funding resources. CONNECT Ministries provided direct financial assistance (an average of \$452 in assistance per household) and housing stabilization counseling to 214 households/369 individuals who lost income due to COVID-19. The Knoxville Area Urban League provided housing stabilization counseling to 57 households/99 individuals. While CAC's program ended in March 2022, both CONNECT Ministries and KAUL will continue their programs through September 2022.

Of the total households receiving assistance from the COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program (HAP), 74% had *extremely low-income* (up to 30% of AMI), 18% had very low-income (up to 50% of AMI), and 8%

had low-income (up to 80% of AMI) documented at the time of application to the programs.

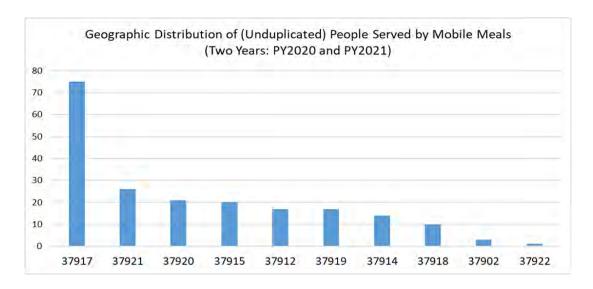
Case Management to Maintain Housing Stability

The City subgranted federal funds to two agencies providing case management services to particularly vulnerable low- and moderate-income individuals – Knoxville Leadership Foundation's Bright Futures program (serving youth aging out of foster care and LMI individuals who lost income due to COVID-19) and HomeSource East Tennessee (serving elderly people). The Bright Futures program assisted 121 individuals from April 1, 2021 to July 1, 2022, and expects to serve an additional 43 individuals through November 30, 2022. HomeSource East Tennessee provided housing stability case management to 20 elderly renters who live in one of HomeSource's senior housing developments.

Mobile Meals

Many lower-income households, including those headed by the elderly and individuals with disabilities, were already struggling prior to the onset of the pandemic. The pandemic has had a larger impact on these particularly vulnerable populations, especially when it comes to food security. The need for social distancing, fear of contracting COVID-19 in public places like grocery stores, as well as financial need exacerbated during the pandemic, means that many more people are food insecure. During the second year of the pandemic, CAC continued to see an increase in the number of individuals in the community who need access to this service.

The City contributed HUD CARES Act CDBG-CV funds to CAC's Mobile Meals program in PY2021-2022. The Mobile Meals program provided daily nutritious meals to 204 homebound seniors and people with disabilities having *extremely low-income* and *very low-incomes*.



Design and Technical Assistance

Other actions under this goal include Design and Technical Assistance to businesses and community groups working to revitalize the City's redevelopment areas and the stabilization of blighted properties in low- and moderate-income (LMI) neighborhoods.

The City subgranted CDBG funds to the East Tennessee Community Design Center (ETCDC). ETCDC provided technical assistance to 11 community-enhancement projects: Concept development for three park/greenway improvements (William Powell Park, First Creek, and Gary Underwood Park); Concept design and technical assistance for two non-profits (Autism Breakthrough and Community Collaborative/MLK); Design assistance for two facade renovation projects for businesses in redevelopment areas (E. Fifth Avenue and Asheville Highway); two Façade Enhancement activities; and Review assistance for two infill housing activities.

While the City's Blighted Property Improvements program continues, the City of Knoxville ceased using CDBG funds for the project in PY2021-2022.

Goal: Create Economic Opportunity

The construction trades became even more important during the pandemic with significant labor shortages.

In June 2021, the Sycamore Institute reported that Tennessee saw a 40% decrease in the number of small businesses during the pandemic. Low-income positions in the Hospitality and Leisure Sectors were especially hard hit. These economic hardships disproportionately affected Black Tennesseans, women, and young adults.² With additional funds from the CARES Act, American Rescue Plan, and local General Funds, the City of Knoxville is making significant investments in local recovery projects to reduce, respond to, and prepare for the COVID-19 pandemic and its economic ramifications.

PY2021-2022 Accomplishments:

The City subgranted CDBG funds to two non-profit organizations during the program year to provide workforce development and one non-profit organization to provide case management and financial coaching.

Neighborhood Housing Inc.'s KnoxWorx Program provided 80 individuals with pre-apprenticeship training, targeting Knoxville's disadvantaged young adults from city neighborhoods surrounding West, Austin East, and Fulton High Schools. Program participants choose between career tracts in construction, food service, hospitality and tourism, and the medical industry. All participants received in-

² The Sycamore Institute https://www.sycamoreinstitutetn.org/tennessee-covid-economic-recovery/

house soft skills training, and opportunities to earn their GED. Of the 80 individuals served, 82.5% had *extremely low-income* (within 30% of AMI), 10% had *very low-income* (within 50% of AMI), and 7.5% had *low-income* (within 80% AMI).

Knoxville Area Urban League's Workforce Development Enhancement Initiative supported 56 justice-involved individuals as they re-enter the workforce with pre-release and post-release services, R.E.S.P.E.C.T. (Re-entry Employment Services Program Employers Can Trust), and soft skills training. The core purpose of the program is to help low- to moderate-income individuals reach financial stability and move up the economic ladder through workforce/employment soft and hard skills training and coaching support. This program also provided workforce development resources to individuals who lost work or income due to COVID-19. Of the 56 people served, 78.5% had *extremely low-income* (within 30% of AMI), 14% had *very low-income* (within 50% of AMI) and 7% had *low-income* (within 80% AMI).

The Salvation Army provided long-term case management and financial coaching to six families with at least one child under 18 years old (or 18 individuals), all had *very low-income* (within 50% of AMI

Construction work through CDBG-funded emergency and minor home repair programs supported nine Section 3 Workers and three Targeted Section 3 Workers, creating a total of 3,088 Section 3 Worker Hours and 982.25 Section 3 Targeted Worker Hours. Other HUD-funded construction activities (housing rehabilitation and new construction) supported two Section 3 Workers by paying for 385.5 Section 3 Worker labor hours. NHI's CDBG-funded KnoxWorx workforce development program trained 80 disenfranchised, young adults (also Targeted Section 3 Workers).

Comparison of the proposed versus actual outcomes for each outcome measure submitted with the consolidated plan and explain, if applicable, why progress was not made toward meeting goals and objectives. 91.520(g)

Categories, priority levels, funding sources and amounts, outcomes/objectives, goal outcome indicators, units of measure, targets, actual outcomes/outputs, and percentage completed for each of the grantee's program year goals.

See Attachment 2, Table 1

Table 16 - Accomplishments – Program Year & Strategic Plan to Date

Assess how the jurisdiction's use of funds, particularly CDBG, addresses the priorities and specific objectives identified in the plan, giving special attention to the highest priority activities identified.

By the end of PY2021-2022, the City had spent less of its available HUD funding on affordable housing activities than it had planned. While applications for owner-occupied housing rehabilitation increased from the previous year, constructions costs were much higher than before the pandemic, and the work

took significantly longer to complete. The City planned to assist 16 low- and moderate-income (LMI) homeowners with substantial rehabilitation (in excess of \$25K) and, while half that amount were started, only three were completed (five are still under construction). The goals for increasing owner-occupied housing by Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) were also not realized due to high construction costs and rising land values, as well. CHDOs anticipated acquiring and rehabilitating or constructing 10 homes to sell to LMI homebuyers and completed three (two others are under construction). Down payment assistance to purchasers of CHDO-developed housing, likewise, were less than planned. Funds were set aside to assist 10 LMI homebuyers, but with less housing completed for purchase (and at higher prices, despite the subsidy), only two households were assisted. Despite the challenges of this environment, several non-profit organizations utilized trainees, volunteers, and subcontractors to complete emergency and minor home repairs (typically less than \$5K per house) at about the same rate/cost as previous years: 190 units were planned and 184 were completed.

Despite the challenges with owner-occupied housing, CHDOs (and others) spent about \$100k more than budgeted yet completed four times the number of rental housing rehabilitation units as planned (19 units planned, 74 completed). Some of this was due to three multi-family rental rehabilitation projects started in the previous year but completing during the 2021-2022 program year.

Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and CARES Act supplemental CDBG (CDBG-CV) Funds

CDBG funds are the most flexible HUD funding source and can fund a wide range of projects/activities from affordable housing acquisition and rehabilitation, public facility and infrastructure, and economic development to public services (though public services are capped to 15%). Funds can also be spent on grant administration (capped at 20%). HUD lifted the 15% cap for CDBG-CV funds (and for PY2019-2020 and PY2020-2021 CDBG funds) in order to prevent, prepare for, and respond to COVID-19.

The total amount of CDBG (including CDBG-CV) available to commit in PY2021-2022 was \$4,313,112.03: \$1,814,182 from the PY2021-2022 HUD CDBG allocation; \$1,999,143.88 in CARES Act supplemental CDBG (CDBG-CV) Round 1 and Round 3 funds ³; \$399,786.15 in unspent prior year funds; and \$100,000 in estimated program income. The City spent a total of \$2,601,458.76 (~60%) of these funds during the year, \$1,711,653.27 less than what was budgeted. See below for a comparison of CDBG budgeted and spent. * HOME commitments and expenditures, as well as goals and accomplishments are listed in section CR-15.

Goal: Enhance the Availability, Accessibility, and Quality of Affordable Housing

Budgeted: \$1,341,638.55 Goal: 190 households assisted

Actual: \$1,084,104.19 Accomplished: 186 households assisted
Difference: \$257,534.36 less Difference: 4 fewer households assisted

³ Knoxville did not receive CARES Act HUD supplemental CDBG (CDBG-CV) Round 2 funds

Construction costs and delays in receiving construction materials help explain the difference in funds spent and units completed.

Goal: Reduce and Prevent Homelessness

Budgeted: \$469,689.09 Goal: 146 people assisted

Actual: \$196,975.86 Accomplished: 170 people assisted
Difference: \$272,713.23 less Difference: 24 more people assisted

Funds that were committed to transitional housing for youth experiencing homelessness failed to get off the ground, and after several months went by and technical assistance given without resolving the capacity problems, the budget was scaled back. The other activity, case management at The Foyer, exceeded its goal of people served.

Goal: Stabilize and Revitalize Neighborhoods

(includes COVID-19 HAP, Mobile Meals)

Budgeted: \$1,356,755.88 Goals: 1,981 individuals and 13 organizations assisted
Actual: \$692,456.23 Accomplished: 1,002 individuals and 11 organizations
Difference: \$664,299.65 less Difference: 979 less individuals and 2 less organizations

assisted

The difference can be explained by CDBG-CV funded projects that failed to get started and after technical assistance failed, were cancelled, as well as the expansion of CAC's Mobile Meals kitchen (\$350,000 in CDBG and CDBG-CV) was delayed due to bids that exceeded estimates. Other funds have been added from Knox County and the project is expected to be completed in PY2022-2023.

Goal: Create Economic Opportunity

Budgeted: \$336,105.00 Goal: 135 people assisted

Actual: \$276,105.00 Accomplished: 154 people served

Difference: \$60,000 less Difference: 19 more people served

One of the three activities failed to start due to capacity issues/personnel illness and, after technical assistance was provided, was able to continue with a reduced budget and accomplishment goal.

CDBG and CDBG-CV Administrative Costs

Budgeted: \$701,916.50 (a maximum of 20% is allowed, but 16% was budgeted)

Actual: \$351,817.48 (8% was spent)

Difference: \$350,099.02 less

Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) and CARES Act supplemental ESG (ESG-CV) Funds

ESG funds may only be used for activities addressing homelessness in the following component categories: Street Outreach, Emergency Shelter/Services, Rapid Re-Housing, Homelessness Prevention and Homelessness Management Information System (HMIS). Neither Transitional nor Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) may be funded with ESG. HUD also has a 60% cap on Street Outreach and Emergency Shelter/Services. Up to 7.5% of ESG funds may be used for grant administration. HUD provided flexibility with ESG-CV funds (including lifting the 60% cap and allowing up to 10% of funds to be used for grant administration, among others), to prevent, prepare for, and respond to coronavirus among individuals and families who are homeless or receiving homeless assistance and to support additional homeless assistance and homelessness prevention activities to mitigate the impacts created by coronavirus.

The total amount of ESG (including ESG-CV) available to commit in PY2021-2022 was \$2,200,173.79: \$150,252 from the PY2021-2022 HUD ESG allocation and \$2,049,921.79 in CARES Act supplemental ESG (ESG-CV) Round 1 and Round 2 funds remained to be spent. The City spent a total of \$1,739,932.94 (~80%) of these funds during the year, \$460,240.85 less than what was budgeted. See below for a comparison of ESG budgeted and spent.

Goal: Reduce and Prevent Homelessness

Budgeted: \$2,200,173.79 Goal: 2,332 individuals assisted

Actual: \$1,739,932.94 Accomplished: 4,192 individuals assisted

Difference: \$460,240.85 less Difference: 1,860 **more** individuals assisted

Initially, when the duration of the pandemic was expected to be short, HUD had set a January 2022 deadline for the full expenditure of ESG-CV funds for Emergency Shelter/Services. Like grantees across the nation, the City allocated a larger amount of federal funds to other component categories, Rapid Re-Housing and Street Outreach, that had a September 2022 deadline. This meant that critical services would end in the middle of winter and during, what turned out to be, another peak in community spread of variants of the virus. HUD eventually gave an extension (September 2023 for all component categories) and grantees, including the City of Knoxville, scrambled to reallocate funds from Rapid Re-Housing and Street Outreach to Emergency Shelter/Services. Thus, the City submitted an amendment to its PY2019-2020 Action Plan to reallocate unspent supplemental ESG (ESG-CV) funds from Rapid Re-Housing, Street Outreach, and Homelessness Prevention to Emergency Shelter/Services (with the addition of non-congregate shelter (NCS)). The City also submitted an amendment to its PY2019-2020 Action Plan to reallocate unspent CDBG-CV funds to Homeless Services. The City has likewise continued to be responsive to the needs in the community by shifting strategies and resources. At times, changing strategy means reducing or ending funding to programs that were not able to perform in this challenging environment.

CR-10 - Racial and Ethnic composition of families assisted

Describe the families assisted (including the racial and ethnic status of families assisted). 91.520(a)

	CDBG	HOME
White	803	36
Black or African American	668	40
Asian	1	0
American Indian or American Native	0	0
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0	0
Total	1,472	76
Hispanic	11	1
Not Hispanic	1,461	75

Table 17 – Table of assistance to racial and ethnic populations by source of funds

Narrative

The City and its subrecipient partners served a total of 1,278 households with CDBG funds, though CDBG demographics were tracked by number of people (1,510 people). Not shown in the table above are people who identify as: 32 "Other" race(s); 5 Black/African American and White/Caucasian; and 1 American Indian/Alaskan Native and White/Caucasian who were assisted with CDBG funds.

A total of 77 households (not individuals) were served with HOME funds. Not included in the table above is one household that identified as American Indian/Native Alaskan and Black/African American.

CR-15 - Resources and Investments 91.520(a)

Identify the resources made available

Source of Funds	Source	Resources Made Available	Amount Expended During Program Year
CDBG	public - federal	2,313,968	2,601,459
HOME	public - federal	3,184,360	1,516,818
Other - ESG	public - federal	2,200,174	1,739,933

Table 18 - Resources Made Available

Narrative

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) allocated **\$3,089,305** to the City of Knoxville for its *regular* annual allotment of Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), Emergency

Solutions Grant (ESG) and HOME Investment Partnerships Grant (HOME) funds.

Regular PY2021-2022 HUD Allocations to the City of Knoxville

		\$3,089,305
•	ESG	\$ 150,252
•	HOME	\$1,124,871
•	CDBG	\$1,814,182

CARES Act Supplemental (-CV funds) Allocations to the City of Knoxville

		Allocation	Expenditures PY2021-2022	Balance
•	CDBG-CV	\$2,889,714.00	\$ 890,570.12	\$1,999,143.88 (69.2%)
•	ESG-CV	\$2,734,864.00	\$ 684,942.21	\$2,049,921.79 (74.9%)

Other resources include **\$2,559,274.69** in unexpended prior year funds: CDBG (\$499,786.15), HOME and HOME program income (\$2,059,488.54). More program income was received **(\$776,145.62)** than had been estimated (\$500,000) in the PY2021-2022 Annual Action Plan, by \$276,145.62.

• Unexpended Prior Year funds

CDBG EN	\$ 449,786.15
HOME EN and Program Income	\$2,059,488.54
	\$2 559 274 69

PY2021-2022 Program Income
 Estimated

CDBG \$ 100,000 HOME \$ 500,000 \$ 600,000

\$9,697,645.36

The City of Knoxville had Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) resources of **\$4,313,112.03** available in PY2021-2022: A HUD CDBG allocation of \$1,814,182 for PY2021-2022; in remaining HUD CARES Act CDBG-CV funds in the amount of \$1,999,143.88; CDBG program income in the amount of \$116,091.30; and \$399,786.15 in unspent CDBG from prior years. CDBG funds in the amount of **\$2,601,458.76** were spent on: Emergency and Minor Home Repairs (\$762,050 or 29%); Administration (\$351,817.48 or 8%); COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program (\$318,109.45 or 7%); Housing

Rehabilitation/Development activities (\$296,054.19 or < 11%); Workforce Development (\$276,105 or 6%); Case Management for Housing Stability (\$238,018.01 or 5.5%); Homeless Services (\$196,975.86 or 4.5%); Mobile Meals (\$100,000 or 2%); Design and Technical Assistance (\$36,328.77 or 1%); and Down Payment Assistance and Rehabilitation (\$26,000 or <1%). Remaining CDBG funds (\$1,711,653.27) are committed to projects that have not yet completed or are budgeted to PY2022-2023 activities.

The City had HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME) resources of \$3,184,359.54: A HUD allocation of \$1,124,871; \$500,000 in estimated HOME program income and \$1,559,488.54 in unspent prior year HOME and HOME program income. The City spent \$1,516,818.10 (100%) of its HOME funds on affordable housing activities: CHDO-developed or rehabilitated rental housing (\$606,692.58 or 40%); Owner-occupied rehabilitation (\$371,508.28 or 24.5%); Program delivery expenses (\$205,063 or 6%); CHDO-developed or rehabilitated owner-occupied housing (\$186,237 or 12%); Rental housing rehabilitation (\$120,604.24 or 8%); and Down payment assistance (\$26,713 or < 1%) during the program year. HOME funds remaining (\$1,667,541.44) are committed to projects that have not yet been completed or are budgeted to PY2022-2023 activities.

The City had total Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) resources of **\$2,200,173.79** available in PY2021-2022: a HUD ESG allocation of \$150,252 and remaining HUD CARES Act ESG-CV funds of \$2,049,921.79. The City spent **\$1,739,932.94** in ESG funds on: Emergency Shelter/Services (\$770,269.57 or 44%); Rapid Re-Housing (\$437,498.62 or 25%); Street Outreach (\$199,230.33 or 11.5%); Transitional Housing ** (\$92,509.40 or 5%); HMIS (\$123,872.75 or 7%); and Program administration (\$116,552.27 or 7%). ESG funds remaining (\$460,240.85) are committed to projects that have not yet completed or are budgeted to PY2021-2022 activities. **The YWCA's program was provided an exemption because it was funded with ESG when the rules changed in PY2010-2011.

Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments

Target Area	Planned Percentage of Allocation		
			Geographic Target Area
City of Knoxville	100	100	1

Table 19 – Identify the geographic distribution and location of investments

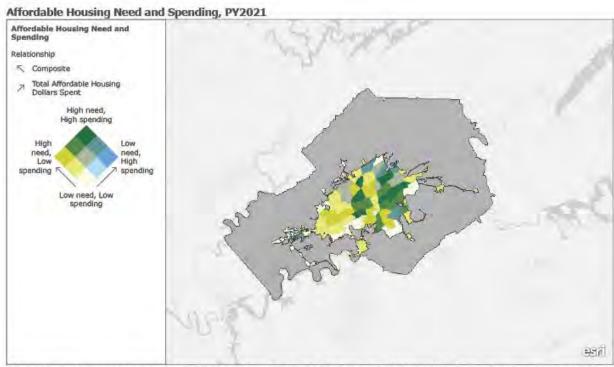
Narrative

As land values continue to increase, developers of new housing are challenged to find properties that are buildable, available, correctly zoned (or can be), and affordable to construct – not to mention managing complex funding requirements and deadlines. The City also requires that ARD/AHF-funded projects be accessible to public transit. Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) and other non-profit developers acquiring existing housing for HUD-funded substantial rehabilitation, for rent or sale, face equally challenging obstacles. Managing construction costs and the "unknowns" of

existing building conditions, keeping costs low to keep units affordable to LMI households within HUD subsidy limits, and not displacing current residents (if present), as well as finding homes/properties in neighborhoods in which people desire to live, are some of these.

Housing activities where LMI households complete applications for assistance, such as owner-occupied housing rehabilitation and emergency/minor home repair, likewise, occur anywhere within the city. While preference cannot be given to applicants based on location (or any other factor, other than program eligibility requirements regarding income, credit, work needed, etc.), the City affirmatively markets its programs to Census Tracts with a higher proportion of minority populations.

Below is a map based on the composite of *housing need* criteria and affordable housing dollars spent in the program year. Affordable *housing need* is quantified using a composite score that factors in the share of the population living in poverty, the share of families with low-income (≤ 80% of Area Median Income), and the share of households with selected *Housing Conditions*, including incomplete kitchens or plumbing, housing cost burden, and overcrowding in homes.



Affordable housing dollars spent by census tract compared to social need for affordable housing. Affordable housing need is quantified using a composite score that factors in the share of the population living in poverty, the share of families with a low income, and the share of households with selected housing quality conditions, including incomplete kitchens or plumbing, housing cost burden, and overcrowding in homes.

Esri, HERE, Garmin, USGS, EPA, NPS

The City has several redevelopment areas that are part of a larger investment that the City has been participating in for years. These are areas that have a larger share of low-income households/high concentration of poverty, a larger share of substandard and aging housing stock, lack of services and amenities, and blighted conditions. These conditions often overlap resulting in low opportunity, low

accessibility, and high vulnerability of its residents. Multiple funding sources are used and partners, such as Knoxville's Community Development Corporation (KCDC), initiate redevelopment efforts. In the former Austin Homes community, for example, the City is supporting KCDC's efforts by committing local general funds for infrastructure, etc.. The City also supports housing rehabilitation activities within these neighborhoods and is working to acquire and maintain blighted properties for future development potential. The City spent local general funds to support economic development initiatives in neighborhoods and redevelopment areas that are located within or adjacent to low- and moderate-income areas (LMAs) and redevelopment areas. The locally funded Commercial Facade Improvement program supports the renovation of blighted buildings into viable businesses in redevelopment areas. Neighborhood Housing Inc.'s CDBG-funded KnoxWorx program provided 80 individuals with preapprenticeship training, targeting Knoxville's disadvantaged young adults from inner city neighborhoods surrounding West, Austin East, and Fulton High Schools.

Leveraging

Explain how federal funds leveraged additional resources (private, state and local funds), including a description of how matching requirements were satisfied, as well as how any publicly owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that were used to address the needs identified in the plan.

LMI homeowners receiving owner-occupied housing rehabilitation through the City paid back \$910,301.42 (from all sources, except other federally funded Covid-19 mortgage assistance payments) in loan payments and interest in PY2021-2012, funding more loans for LMI homeowners and affordable rental housing owners/developers and supporting grants to LMI households for emergency home repairs through the CAC. CAC leveraged \$382,123.84. Neighborhood Housing, Inc. (NHI) Operation Backyard contributed \$99,000 in local funds and volunteer labor from several area churches, agencies and businesses to leverage CDBG funds from for minor home repairs and accessibility improvements for LMI homeowners and renters. Leveraged HOME funds for the program year include: \$346,127.06 from CHDO homebuyers; \$1,598,949 in contributions from CHDO housing developers; \$349,553.53 from CHDO developers; \$3,401.05 from Owner Occupied Rehabilitation; and \$1,357,324.20 from non-CHDO rental projects. Finally, the City contributed \$5,030,285.17 in local funds in PY2021-2022 through the Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund.

CONNECT Ministries provided \$20,000 and CAC provided \$2,014 in leverage for the COVID-19 Housing Assistance Program. CAC provided \$310,120 in leverage for the Mobile Meals program.

The NHI Workforce Development program leveraged \$622,693.61 in other funds from the Department of Labor's YouthBuild Program, and monetary and in-kind donations. The Salvation Army leveraged \$58,186. The East Tennessee Community Design Center contributed \$88,000 in volunteer labor to support their design and technical assistance program.

Other social service agencies contributed funds for CDBG and CDBG-CV public services, including McNabb (\$78,118), KLF Bright Futures (\$57,315), and HomeSource ET (\$7,460).

The City matched contributed \$201,000 in local homeless general funds in PY2021-2022. These dollars funded agencies providing: Emergency Shelter/Services, Transitional Housing/Services, support for CHAMP (the Coordinated Entry System) and Homeless Management Information System (KnoxHMIS). The agencies funded reported leveraging \$1,613,330.96 in other funding.

Fiscal Year Summary – HOME Match				
1. Excess match from prior Federal fiscal year	4,619,459.19			
2. Match contributed during current Federal fiscal year	967,689.08			
3. Total match available for current Federal fiscal year (Line 1 plus Line 2)	5,587,148.27			
4. Match liability for current Federal fiscal year	86,273.79			
5. Excess match carried over to next Federal fiscal year (Line 3 minus Line 4)	5,500,874.48			

Table 20 – Fiscal Year Summary - HOME Match Report

	Match Contribution for the Federal Fiscal Year							
Project No. or Other ID	Date of Contribut ion	Cash (non- Federal sources)	Foregone Taxes, Fees, Charges	Appraise d Land/Rea I Property	Required Infrastruc ture	Site Preparati on, Construct ion Materials , Donated labor	Bond Financing	Total Match
Moss	11/10/2							
Grove	021	950,000						950,000
Connecti								
cut	1/25/20							
Avenue	22					8,088.42		8,088.42
Katherin								
е	9/9/202							
Avenue	1					9,600.66		9,600.66
	6/15/20							
	21 (not							
	reported							
	for							
Linden	PY2020-							
Avenue	2021)	_				5,949.19	_	5,949.19

Table 21 – Match Contribution for the Federal Fiscal Year

HOME MBE/WBE report

Program Income – Enter the program amounts for the reporting period							
Balance on hand at beginning of reporting period \$	Amount received during reporting period \$	Total amount expended during reporting period \$	Amount expended for TBRA \$	Balance on hand at end of reporting period \$			
1,255,653	776,146	556,600	0	1,475,200			

Table 22 - Program Income

Minority Business Enterprises and Women Business Enterprises – Indicate the number and dollar value of contracts for HOME projects completed during the reporting period **Total Minority Business Enterprises** White Non-Alaskan Asian or **Black Non-**Hispanic Hispanic Native or **Pacific** Hispanic **American** Islander Indian **Contracts** Dollar Amount 593,484.38 0 0 0 0 593,484.38 Number 25 0 0 0 0 **Sub-Contracts** Number 0 0 12 0 0 12 Dollar Amount 0 0 568,521.81 568,521.81 Total Women Male **Business Enterprises Contracts** Dollar Amount 593,484.38 474,314.03 119,170.35 Number 25 19 **Sub-Contracts** Number 12 2 10 Dollar 23,468.52 Amount 568,521.81 545,053.29

Table 23 - Minority Business and Women Business Enterprises

Minority Owners of Rental Property – Indicate the number of HOME assisted rental property owners and the total amount of HOME funds in these rental properties assisted

	Total		White Non-			
		Alaskan Native or American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	Black Non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Hispanic
Number	6	0	0	2	0	4
Dollar	727,296.					
Amount	82	0	0	53,250.00	0	674,046.82

Table 24 - Minority Owners of Rental Property

Relocation and Real Property Acquisition – Indicate the number of persons displaced, the cost of relocation payments, the number of parcels acquired, and the cost of acquisition

Parcels Acquired	0	0
Businesses Displaced	0	0
Nonprofit Organizations		
Displaced	0	0
Households Temporarily		
Relocated, not Displaced	3	\$25,217.16

Households	Total		Minority Property Enterprises				
Displaced		Alaskan Native or American Indian	Asian or Pacific Islander	Black Non- Hispanic	Hispanic	Hispanic	
Number	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cost	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Table 25 – Relocation and Real Property Acquisition

CR-20 - Affordable Housing 91.520(b)

Evaluation of the jurisdiction's progress in providing affordable housing, including the number and types of families served, the number of extremely low-income, low-income, moderate-income, and middle-income persons served.

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of Homeless households to be		
provided affordable housing units	403	1,303
Number of Non-Homeless households to be		
provided affordable housing units	210	226
Number of Special-Needs households to be		
provided affordable housing units	35	39
Total	648	1,568

Table 26 - Number of Households

	One-Year Goal	Actual
Number of households supported through		
Rental Assistance	485	1,735
Number of households supported through		
The Production of New Units	0	0
Number of households supported through		
Rehab of Existing Units	235	263
Number of households supported through		
Acquisition of Existing Units	10	2
Total	730	2,000

Table 27 - Number of Households Supported

Discuss the difference between goals and outcomes and problems encountered in meeting these goals.

The City and its subgrantees exceeded its goals, described in the tables above, in every area except for acquisition of existing units.

The difference between the goal and actual number for acquisition of existing units is primarily due to rising home values. The City conducted an analysis of single-family, existing home sales and found that from November 2021 through January 2022, the median sales price rose just over 10% (\$19,750 increase) and through March 2022, the median sales price rose to 14.6% (\$28,300 increase). Affordable housing developers, Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs) and HOME grantees are struggling to keep affordable housing costs under the HOME Maximum Purchase Price/After Rehab Value limits (not exceeding 95 percent of the area median purchase price for single family housing, as determined by HUD).

Discuss how these outcomes will impact future annual action plans.

Certainly, skyrocketing home sales costs is not a local, or even regional, phenomena. HUD revised its FY2022 HOME and Housing Trust Fund (HTF) Homeownership Value Limits effective June 1, 2022. In Knoxville, the median sales price was raised to \$235,000. The 95% limit after rehab value then of that being raised to \$223,000. This certainly helps with owner-occupied rehabilitation, but still presents challenges for CHDOs and others acquiring and rehabilitating properties for sale to low- and moderate-income homebuyers.

The City will continue offering its HOME-funded down payment assistance program to purchasers of CHDO-developed affordable housing, but expects rising home sales costs to continue into the future.

Include the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income persons served by each activity where information on income by family size is required to determine the eligibility of the activity.

Number of Households Served	CDBG Actual	HOME Actual
Extremely Low-income	1,034	52
Low-income	401	20
Moderate-income	77	5
Total	1,512	77

*Table 28 – Number of Households Served

* 1 HOME unit is vacant

This table reflects the amount of assistance given to the most vulnerable, *extremely low-income* households during the program year.

CR-25 - Homeless and Other Special Needs 91.220(d, e); 91.320(d, e); 91.520(c)

Evaluate the jurisdiction's progress in meeting its specific objectives for reducing and ending homelessness through:

Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs

The City of Knoxville supported direct outreach to unsheltered homeless individuals through a number of initiatives. Using \$135,955 in local funds, the City supported two street outreach social workers at the Volunteer Ministry Center, focusing on unsheltered, chronically homeless persons in the areas near downtown Knoxville. This program specializes in connecting with people who are typically more resistant to shelter and social service programs and, through continued engagement, encourage them to access resources designed to help them quickly access appropriate permanent housing, along with needed supportive services. Using HUD ESG-CV funding, the City expanded this program with four more outreach workers. The City also maintained an outdoor daytime "safe space" in close proximity to emergency shelter and other social service resources. The Safe Space includes access to portable and permanent restroom facilities, is monitored by security, and serves as a place to connect with social services outreach.

In addition, through \$90,452 in local funding, the City supports a Coordinated Entry System (CES), managed by the University of Tennessee's Social Work Office of Research and Public Service, in conjunction with Knoxville's Homeless Management Information System (KnoxHMIS). CES coordinates a multi-agency standardized intake system that is used to assess individual needs and vulnerability, giving priority for housing and other resources to those with the greatest need and vulnerability. CES coordinates regular multi-agency case coordination meetings and street outreach coordination meetings to assure vulnerable unsheltered populations are being engaged and directed to permanent supportive housing as well as other appropriate housing and social services.

The COVID-19 pandemic has had an enormous impact on the unsheltered population and the services to meet their needs. As with other localities, Knoxville followed CDC guidelines and worked to encourage unsheltered persons to socially distance and follow other pandemic-related guidelines. The City and partner social service agencies worked to adapt shelters and social services to follow pandemic protocols and to carry out their services in this new context. The City of Knoxville and then the Knox County Health Department have supported a non-congregate "Guest House" shelter, first operated by Volunteer Ministry Center, and now by the Salvation Army to provide short-term shelter for people experiencing homelessness who need to quarantine.

Addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons

The City of Knoxville, with \$99,000 in CDBG funding, supported *The Foyer*, a low-barrier shelter operated by Volunteer Ministry Center. The Foyer provides up to 30 shelter beds for persons who have been resistant to or unable to access other shelter options in this community. Through referrals from street outreach, people who have been unsheltered, often for extended periods, are given the option to come

to this smaller shelter space, where they can also be connected to housing-focused case management. The Foyer is even able to accommodate people with pets, often a reason some people will not otherwise engage with emergency shelter. The City supported, using ESG-CV funds, the Knoxville-Knox County CAC's work to provide non-congregate shelter using hotels and motels during the pandemic.

Additionally, the City used \$351,971 in combined local general funds and HUD resources to support emergency shelter/services and transitional housing/services through: Catholic Charities Samaritan Place, Salvation Army Joy Baker Center, VMC Day Resource Center and dental services, and the YWCA. In addition to providing shelter, each agency provided case management, counseling, life skills workshops, educational training, job referrals and networking for housing opportunities.

Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families and those who are: likely to become homeless after being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); and, receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs

The City used CDBG resources to support homelessness assistance and prevention activities during the pandemic in the program year. CAC, Connect Ministries, and the Knoxville Area Urban League all provided assistance and programming to prevent vulnerable individuals and families from losing their housing during the pandemic.

Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again

Rapid Re-Housing services were provided through CAC's Homeward Bound Program and the Volunteer Ministry Center (VMC) with ESG and ESG-CV funding. These programs worked to provide quick housing placements and case management services for both individuals and families during the pandemic.

For rapid re-housing programs, time to housing has remained roughly the same as the previous year, due primarily to the COVID-19 pandemic and the tightening housing market. Several new initiatives, including Knox County's Knox Housing Assistance ERA Program and the United Way's new Housing Navigator program, along with HUD-funded Rapid Re-Housing programs, are working collaboratively with the Coordinated Entry System (CHAMP) to identify and prioritize those in most need of support.

Emergency shelter programs saw a rise in "time to exit" from these programs over last year, while

Transitional Housing's "time to exit" decreased. Returns to homelessness from a positive housing placement was relatively stable, ring 1.05% from the prior year's status. The negative supply of affordable housing and permanent supportive housing stock continues to be a primary challenge for moving people off the streets as quickly as desired. UT's SWORPS program, that manages KnoxHMIS, also facilitates Knoxville's Coordinated Housing Assessment Match Plan (CHAMP), which aims to quickly assess the needs and strengths of those experiencing homelessness to better match them to the most appropriate community resource. Knoxville's CHAMP system is adapting a new intake and prioritization tool from a best practice in Houston, Texas to measure individual needs and help with proper housing and services placement.

The lack of sufficient affordable housing stock continues to be a significant barrier to reducing "time to housing" and ending homelessness. The City of Knoxville is working to address this need through the initiatives described above, as well as its locally funded Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund, its HUD-funded Rental Housing Rehabilitation program, and CHDO-developed rental housing.

CR-30 - Public Housing 91.220(h); 91.320(j)

Actions taken to address the needs of public housing

Knoxville's Community Development Corporation (KCDC) is the redevelopment and public housing authority for the City of Knoxville and Knox County, Tennessee. Between KCDC managed units and vouchers, over 7,200 families are served each year. Currently KCDC's affordable housing falls under one or more of the below housing programs: Multifamily Project-Based Rental Assistance; State Tax Credits; Low-Income Public Housing; Housing Choice Vouchers; Project Based Vouchers; and Mod-Rehab.

KCDC has primarily used the Capital Fund Program and Replacement Housing Fund grants to improve and replace deteriorating housing. To offset the lack of federal dollars, KCDC began converting public housing within the City and County via the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Rental Assistance Demonstration (RAD) program in 2016; during the current reporting period, KCDC has converted an additional property to RAD PBRA—Northgate Terrace—and has completed a RAD application for half of the single Low-Income Public Housing (LIPH) remaining property, Western Heights. This deal will close by late 2022. Such conversions mean KCDC has the same options available as the private sector and allows providers to leverage private capital markets to make capital improvements in the public housing stock.

KCDC has completed several of the other RAD-related rehab projects during this reporting period to include Love Towers, Cagle, and Isabella. Lease up of vacant units has been going on throughout the fiscal year. KCDC has additionally completed the first phase of new construction on Austin Homes' former site of the first 105 units. These are close to 100% occupancy. This is part of a Master Plan for that community. The result will be a total of over 400 mixed income units added back to the neighborhood by approximately 2024. All tenants who moved off site were able to return to the site once the first 105 units were completed.

Western Heights began a neighborhood redevelopment plan during the program year; including the addition of a Head Start facility onsite. The plan will help not only address housing, but also other needs of neighborhoods. Resident involvement was particularly heavy during the program year as these plans were developed.

Actions taken to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership

Residents participated and provided feedback related to KCDC's planning and implementation of projects through the Knoxville Tenant Council, site-based resident associations, Resident Neighborhood Planning Initiatives, and the Section 8 Advisory Board.

Section 8 worked with 211 participants who have completed KCDC's homeownership program as of June 2022. KCDC sets an annual goal of at least 10 additional participants being added as homeowners from

this program each year.

Actions taken to provide assistance to troubled PHAs

KCDC is not designated as a troubled housing authority.

CR-35 - Other Actions 91.220(j)-(k); 91.320(i)-(j)

Actions taken to remove or ameliorate the negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing such as land use controls, tax policies affecting land, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limitations, and policies affecting the return on residential investment. 91.220 (j); 91.320 (i)

The City has undertaken the actions described in the PY2020-2024 Strategic Plan and the PY2021-2022 Action Plan, as described above, including marketing an increasing number of parcels through its locally funded Homemaker's Program, correcting obstacles before sale to developers, acquiring abandoned property and clearing titles, and offering subsidies to facilitate affordable development. The changes made to the City's Zoning Code in recent years also increased opportunities for the development of housing.

Actions taken to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City is addressing unmet needs through its use of HUD funds, by contributing a significant amount of its own local funds, and finding innovative ways to collaborate with other community organizations to:

- Increase the supply of new, affordable housing in all areas of the city, especially for vulnerable populations;
- Help improve the quality of the existing affordable housing stock and prevent displacement
 of LMI homeowners and renters in neighborhoods (including redevelopment areas) by
 providing housing rehabilitation, emergency and minor home repairs,
 weatherization/energy efficiency, accessibility modifications, and lead-based paint
 education and abatement;
- Ensure quality in its development and revitalization projects that provide opportunities for LMI job-seekers, as well as small and minority- and women-owned businesses; and
- Support its partners in preventing and ending homelessness; and generally, to improve the quality of life in the city for all residents.

Addressing the need for affordable rental housing continued to be the City's highest priority for assisting LMI residents. In May of 2021, City Council passed an ordinance to amend the City Code and create the Knoxville Affordable Housing Fund (The Fund) that established a foundation for long-term continued investment to advance affordable housing opportunities. Developed in response to and in partnership with local housing advocates, and with input and guidance of local housing stakeholders and experts, the Fund builds upon the City's long and successful history of promoting affordable housing through the ARDF, the East Tennessee Foundation's Affordable Housing Trust Fund and many capital project investments led by private and public housing providers. The Fund establishes a minimum contribution of \$5 million per year for 10 years to support affordable housing needs of individuals and families of low- and moderate-income households. The support for the fund will come from annually appropriated City budget dollars.

The City spent \$5,030,285.17 in Affordable Rental Development (ARD) funds on seven developments during the program year, three (292 units) of which were completed in PY2021-2022:

- 1. Elmington Capital Group's Moss Grove Flats with 192 units, including 46 units for households having 50% AMI and below;
- 2. Burlington Commons with 50 units, and
- 3. McNabb's Dogwood Springs with 50 units for elderly households.

The remaining four developments (210 units) are currently under construction and are expected to be completed in PY2022-2023. Two of the four developments under construction are Permanent Supportive Housing.

The City used \$727,296.82 (48%) of its HOME funds on the rehabilitation of three multi-family complexes and two single-family rental houses and one duplex. The three multi-family developments completed in PY2021-2022 include:

- 1. HomeSource East Tennessee's Applewood Apartments with 20 units (11 were HOME-assisted);
- 2. Covenant Village with 71 units (25 were HOME-assisted); and
- 3. Knoxville Leadership Foundation's Sutherland Square with 36 units (all HOME-assisted).

The City also supported private developers of affordable housing by assisting with documentation required by the State of Tennessee for tax credits through THDA and contributed \$200,000 in local funds to the East Tennessee Foundation's Affordable Housing Trust Fund to support affordable housing goals (including rental housing rehabilitation) in the city of Knoxville.

The City also provided \$4.5M in local, capital dollars (in addition to \$4.25M provided in PY2019) to KCDC for new infrastructure, including utilities, streets, and sidewalks for the first phase of housing redevelopment for Austin Homes. Construction on this phase of the residential development, begun in August 2020, is complete and includes 105-units of new mixed-income housing. Phase two of the residential development broke ground in the spring of 2021 and is expected to open in December 2022, includes 180 units of affordable housing. Phase three of the residential development is currently in development and is expected to consist of 83 units of affordable and workforce housing. Phase Three is expected to break ground in the summer of 2022 and be complete by the end of 2023. All of the units at First Creek at Austin Homes will be affordable to families with incomes at or below 80% of the area median, with a majority reserved for families with extremely low or very low incomes.

Actions taken to reduce lead-based paint hazards. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The HUD Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes (HUD OLHCHH) awarded the City of Knoxville a \$3.6 M, 42-month Lead Hazard Control grant, in early 2019. The City collaborated with Knoxville-Knox County CAC to perform targeted outreach and education to at-risk LMI households, as well as the completion of lead hazard control projects, and healthy homes interventions. During PY2021-2021, 33 lead-based paint inspection/risk assessments were completed and 30 lead hazard control projects were completed and achieved clearance.

The purpose of the program is to identify and control lead-based paint hazards in eligible privately owned rental and owner-occupied housing. Those who qualify may receive a grant for repairs designed to remediate lead-based paint hazards, including replacing old wooden windows with new vinyl windows, vinyl siding and aluminum trim, covering porch floors and ceilings, and fresh paint.

The City performs risk assessments for its housing rehabilitation projects and Homemaker's program properties, as necessary, with four staff who have been licensed by the State of Tennessee and certified by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency to perform lead-based paint inspections and risk assessments. Each staff person participates in on-going training to keep licenses up to date. The City and CAC both own an XRF analyzer, which receives maintenance and radiation lead testing according to the required schedule and its use is documented according to State requirements.

Actions taken to reduce the number of poverty-level families. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

For those who are unable to work or are underemployed, the City carried out the actions described in this document and the PY2020-2024 Consolidated Plan to positively impact and reduce the number of poverty-level families. Initiatives such as: The Knoxville Area Urban League's *Rise*, Salvation Army's *Pathways to Hope* and NHI's *KnoxWorx* workforce development programs; Revitalization and development that creates and/or retains jobs in low- and moderate-income areas (LMAs), including redevelopment areas; The Commercial Façade Improvement program; Housing assistance programs that help keep housing costs affordable; as well as opportunities, like HUD Section 3, that come with construction/development – all help in providing higher income opportunities for individuals and families at poverty-level.

Actions taken to develop institutional structure. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City's Office on Homelessness (OOH) staffs the quarterly meetings of the Mayor's Roundtable on Homelessness, which brings together the leadership local homeless service agencies and other stakeholders. OOH participates in the Knoxville-Knox County Coalition for the Homeless and serves as the designated Collaborative Applicant for the Knoxville Knox County CoC (TN-502). During the pandemic, the local Emergency Operations Center (EOC) has been activated, and the OOH coordinates the Homeless Service sector portion of the EOC operations. OOH has also worked with agency partners to develop and submit a coordinated application for HUD's Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program.

Department staff also participate in the coordinating bodies for several agencies that perform community development activities, including Knoxville-Knox County Homeless Coalition, Affordable Housing Trust Fund Advisory Board, Equality Coalition for Housing Opportunity, and the NAACP, etc. Staff also serve on or provide information to task forces related to neighborhood revitalization, such as the Chronic Problem Properties Committee, Abandoned, Blighted and Vacant (ABV) Properties Committee, the Better Building Board and Blighted Properties Redevelopment Program loan review committee, Affordable Housing Trust Fund, East Tennessee Community Design Center Board, and

Broadway Corridor Task Force.

Actions taken to enhance coordination between public and private housing and social service agencies. 91.220(k); 91.320(j)

The City's Office on Homelessness staffs and coordinates the Mayor's Roundtable on Homelessness, a quarterly meeting of housing and service providers. City staff regularly meet with affordable housing providers, including non-profit and CHDO housing developers and for-profit affordable housing developers. OOH participates in the Knoxville-Knox County Coalition for the Homeless and also serves as the designated Collaborative Applicant for the Knoxville Knox County CoC (TN-502). During the pandemic, the local Emergency Operations Center (EOC) has been activated, and the OOH coordinates the Homeless Service sector portion of the EOC operations. OOH has also worked with agency partners to develop and submit a coordinated application for HUD's Youth Homelessness Demonstration Program.

Identify actions taken to overcome the effects of any impediments identified in the jurisdictions analysis of impediments to fair housing choice. 91.520(a)

As part of its research to develop the PY2020-2024 Consolidated Plan, the City of Knoxville worked with a consultant to conduct an Analysis of Impediments to Fair Housing Choice (AI). An important component of the research process involved gathering input regarding fair and affordable housing conditions, perceptions, and needs. The City's Community Empowerment Department is also available to assist in its role as the liaison between community agencies and the City. The City remains committed to affirmatively furthering fair housing, understanding disparities in opportunity, and promoting equity in all of its activities.

Barriers to the provision of sufficient affordable housing include: increasing land values in the city; increasing costs of development/construction; the lack of, or uncertainty of, available government programs and subsidies; the lack of choice in affordable housing location; and the challenges of acquiring and assembling inner-city parcels for affordable housing development.

The City implements fair housing and equal opportunity programming in compliance with civil rights regulations and guidelines. Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing and identifying actions and strategies that affect equal housing opportunities are two goals for the Community Development department. Fair Housing posters are on display in the City's Housing and Neighborhood Development Department, and the federal equal housing opportunity logo is placed on printed materials. Staff worked with various housing practitioners (lenders, apartment owners, realtors, insurance agencies and landlords) in promoting fair housing and the placement of the logo on materials. The City makes referrals for tenant/landlord matters to Legal Aid of East Tennessee and, for fair housing discrimination complaints, to the Tennessee Human Rights Commission (THRC) that administers the Fair Housing Assistance Program. The City's fair housing brochures, fact sheets, posters, display information, and website explain the Fair Housing Act and the importance of housing equality, and also provide an overview of

the seven protected classes. Several materials are translated in Spanish. The City co-sponsored (before the pandemic) the annual Knoxville Area Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity Conference with the Equality Coalition for Housing Opportunities*, attended by numerous civic groups, advocacy organizations and housing practitioners.

CR-40 - Monitoring 91.220 and 91.230

Describe the standards and procedures used to monitor activities carried out in furtherance of the plan and used to ensure long-term compliance with requirements of the programs involved, including minority business outreach and the comprehensive planning requirements

The Housing and Neighborhood Development Department Director and Community Development Administrator oversee the planning and budgeting process to ensure that the projects developed are consistent with grant requirements. This planning process also ensures that each funded project is consistent with the PY2020-2024 Consolidated Plan and makes progress toward identified community development objectives. City staff work with and maintain relationships with Knoxville-Knox County Planning that manages comprehensive long-range planning for the city of Knoxville.

All sub-grantee projects are assigned to a Project Specialist for oversight, monitoring, and technical assistance. The Section Manager drafts contracts with input from the sub-grantee and Project Specialist. The City Law Department finalizes the contracts in order to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Subgrantees submit quarterly progress reports and a completion report. Reports are reviewed by the Project Specialist to ensure contract compliance. Funds are typically provided to subgrantees on a reimbursement basis. Reimbursement requests are submitted to the City on a quarterly or as-needed basis, and contain supporting documentation for all expenses for which reimbursement is requested. Requests are reviewed, revised (if necessary), and approved by the Project Specialist, then reviewed and approved by the Section Manager. The Finance Specialist prepares a check request, which is approved by the Section Manager and Director prior to submission to the City Finance Department. Subgrantee monitoring is performed on an informal basis through telephone, email, and periodic meetings between City and sub-grantee staff. Formal monitoring is performed on an annual basis (except in the case of low risk subgrantees or projects). Formal monitoring is conducted by the Project Specialist at the subgrantee's office (when safe to do so), and includes review of agency policies, procedures, financial records, and project documentation. A written report is issued following a formal monitoring session, and any findings or concerns that require subgrantee action are followed up on by both the subgrantee and City staff.

For City housing activities, applications for assistance are analyzed by Housing Finance Supervisor and the Housing Manager for compliance with program guidelines. Housing Rehabilitation Specialists provide detailed specifications for ensuring that the activity meets Neighborhood Housing Standards and cost estimates to ensure that construction bids are reasonable and allowable. During the construction process, all activities are monitored by Housing Rehabilitation Specialists for compliance. The Housing Construction Manager reviews, approves work and activities during each step of the rehabilitation process. The Director periodically conducts in-house monitoring. Payment for contractor and other housing activity expenses are processed by the Housing Finance Supervisor, Housing Manager, and approved by the Director prior to payment.

The Administrator and Administrative Technician oversee the Department's overall expenditures and financial status and assists the Director in drawing funds from HUD on a regular basis. Special regulatory requirements are addressed by several staff members. The environmental review process is overseen by the Director, who has been delegated this authority by the Mayor. For projects requiring procurement and federal labor standards compliance, the assigned project monitor provides technical assistance to the agency performing the project, oversees the bid process, works with contractors, and reviews certified payroll.

Citizen Participation Plan 91.105(d); 91.115(d)

Describe the efforts to provide citizens with reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment on performance reports.

Notice of the availability of the Draft CAPER was published in the Knoxville News Sentinel on Saturday, September 10, 2022. The draft of the PY2021-2022 CAPER was made available for public comment for 15 days from September 14 through September 28, 2022.

A link to the Draft CAPER also appeared on the City's website and notice was published in the City Office of Neighborhood Empowerment's Neighborly Notice newsletter during this time. A hard copy of the Draft PY2021-2022 CAPER was made available for review in the Housing and Neighborhood Development Department. Hard copies of the draft were also offered to those not having internet access.

<< Insert information about comments received.>>

CR-45 - CDBG 91.520(c)

Specify the nature of, and reasons for, any changes in the jurisdiction's program objectives and indications of how the jurisdiction would change its programs as a result of its experiences.

The overall goal of HUD's community planning and development programs is to support viable communities by providing decent housing and a suitable living environment and expanding economic opportunities principally for low- and moderate-income persons. Despite challenges presented with the pandemic, the City of Knoxville's performance during the reporting period has been consistent with this overall HUD goal and with the objectives and priorities in the City's annual plan and the five-year Consolidated Plan strategy. The City's activities for the reporting period improved housing conditions for owner-occupants and renters, created homeownership opportunities, assisted in the provision of housing and services to the homeless, eliminated blighting conditions, and enhanced or improved services, infrastructure and facilities in lower income neighborhoods.

The Knoxville-Knox County CoC has tailored programming to meet the needs of households experiencing homelessness due to the challenges of the pandemic. Homeless shelter providers have worked with the Knox County Health Department during the pandemic to make their spaces safer for guests. This includes decreasing bed capacity to allow for greater social distancing, enhanced separation of spaces, air-filtration and cleaning regimens, wearing of masks, client education and signage, and providing vaccination clinics. The Knox County Health Department and homeless service providers have held vaccination clinics in shelters and at locations accessible to unsheltered persons.

The COVID-19 Guest House, a 15-bed congregate shelter, is currently in its third iteration providing an alternative shelter space for COVID-19 positive individuals to reduce transmission rates in congregate shelters. Initially supported by the City, it is currently funded by the Knox County Health Department and operated by the Salvation Army. Shelter utilization rates for the COVID-19 Guest House have been low for the first six months of 2022, but usage rates spiked in July's community surge. Additionally, the City supported non-congregate shelter by-way of hotel/motel vouchers that continue to support upwards of 95 family, homeless youth, and elderly households operated by the Community Action Committee. The Knoxville-Knox County CoC has used dynamic prioritization to target EHVs to households within non-congregate shelter as the program does not has sustainable future funding. The intent is to connect as many households in non-congregate shelter (NCS) with permanent housing before the program is closed. Lastly, the City used ESG-CV funds to fund a mobile shower trailer program implemented by VMC to improve the health and wellness outcomes for individuals experiencing unsheltered homelessness. The program is located in the City of Knoxville's low-barrier Safe Space—an outdoor location that provides access to restrooms and on-site security where individuals can spend time during the day. This location has Knoxville-Knox County's highest concentration of individuals experiencing homelessness, specifically unsheltered homelessness. The program provides access to showers and laundry services four days a week. Coordinated entry housing assessments are conducted onsite with individuals engaging with the program.

Street outreach was expanded and tailored to meet the needs of our growing unsheltered population during PY2021-2022. A total of 12 outreach workers in the CoC—9 traditional outreach workers and 3 homeless youth-specific outreach workers, have been outfitted with mobile tablets (supported with City ESG-CV funds) to conduct coordinated entry assessments in the field. The Knoxville-Knox County CoC is currently considering new outreach strategies such as housing surge and place-based approaches.

The City created, by Ordinance, the Knoxville Affordable Housing Fund (The Fund) in May 2021, committing \$5 M a year for ten years. In PY2021-2022 (its first year) the City contributed \$8.105 M, exceeding the \$5 M committed.

The City increased its commitment to the provision of services to the homeless in PY2021-2022 by contributing more than \$950,000 in local homeless general funds. These funds were spent on emergency shelter and services, transitional housing and services, and HMIS services.

The City also contributed local funding to the improvement of commercial facades in redevelopment areas, contributing to job creation and retention. The City continues to support with local funds the acquisition of blighted, vacant property in neighborhoods and provide basic maintenance through its Homemaker's program.

Does this Jurisdiction have any open Brownfields Economic Development Initiative (BEDI) grants? No

[BEDI grantees] Describe accomplishments and program outcomes during the last year.

CR-50 - HOME 91.520(d)

Include the results of on-site inspections of affordable rental housing assisted under the program to determine compliance with housing codes and other applicable regulations

Please list those projects that should have been inspected on-site this program year based upon the schedule in §92.504(d). Indicate which of these were inspected and a summary of issues that were detected during the inspection. For those that were not inspected, please indicate the reason and how you will remedy the situation.

One property was due for inspection in the month of June 2022, HRMC Washington Pike. The pandemic has caused a delay in the City performing inspections, but has scheduled inspections for all the properties in the month of September, including:

- 1. McNabb Washington Pike
- 2. Pocahontas Drive
- 3. ETHDC 2106 Sycamore
- 4. ETHDC 2110 Sycamore
- 5. ETHDC 3425 Bishop St.
- 6. NHI Sutherland Square
- 7. ECG Southside Flats
- 8. Covenant Village

All properties are inspected on the three-year required schedule. Landlords are provided with a written list of deficiencies and given a reasonable amount of time to complete them. The properties are reinspected upon completion. All tenant and rental data are reviewed during inspections.

Provide an assessment of the jurisdiction's affirmative marketing actions for HOME units. 92.351(b)

During the reporting period, the City's HOME-assisted projects which contained more than 5 HOME-assisted units each increased to nine. All of the projects accept tenant's rental assistance, receive project-based assistance, or have a written agreement with the City allowing preference to be given to certain underserved populations (homeless veterans, in this case). All lease to tenants from a waiting list. A majority of the tenants in the HOME-assisted units represent populations from protected classes-racial minority, households with children, the elderly and/or those with a disability. Four of the projects are owned by CHDOs, and vacancies are posted on each of their websites and at TNHousingSearch.org. Fliers are posted at KCDC, and the Knoxville Area Urban League is notified of any vacancies. One CHDO also does outreach to social service agencies/local ministries during the year such as CAC, the Salvation Army and Knox Area Rescue Mission.

All projects with five or more units include the Fair Housing logo on their advertising, and all use

social media. Project Based Voucher units are advertised through KCDC, the local housing authority. Management companies work closely with case managers from mental health, homeless, and elderly/disabled -centered programs across the city.

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All projects with five or more units include the Fair Housing logo on their advertising, and all use social media. Project Based Voucher units are advertised through KCDC, the local housing authority. Management companies work closely with case managers from mental health, homeless, and elderly/disabled -centered programs across the city.

Refer to IDIS reports to describe the amount and use of program income for projects, including the number of projects and owner and tenant characteristics

HOME program income is generated by HOME-funded housing rehabilitation and property acquisition projects. During the program year, a total of \$776,145.62 in HOME program income was receipted through HUD's Integrated Disbursement and Information System (IDIS) for eligible housing activities. HOME program income in the amount of \$556,599.63 was drawn during the program year: \$370,425.35 to fund six Owner-occupied Housing Rehabilitation projects and \$210,111.12 to fund four Rental Rehabilitation projects. One Owner-occupied Housing Rehabilitation job was completed, occupied by an *extremely-low income*, non-Hispanic, Black/African American, 2-parent family household, with disabilities. Three of the Rental Rehabilitation projects using HOME program income, were also completed, two of which are single-family rental properties, both occupied by *extremely-low income*, non-Hispanic, Black/African American households, one that is an elderly household. The other is a multifamily, 36-unit apartment complex with 35 units occupied. Of the 35 units, 23 households have *extremely-low income*, 10 very-low income, one household at 60% AMI, and one *low-income*. Twenty-two households are non-Hispanic Black/African American, 12 are non-Hispanic White/Caucasian, and one is Hispanic White/Caucasian. Twenty-two households are single-parent families, eight are single/non-elderly, three are elderly, and two are two-parent families.

An additional \$93,535.41 in HOME program income/program administration was drawn in September 2022 for project delivery costs during PY2021-2022.

Describe other actions taken to foster and maintain affordable housing. 91.220(k) (STATES ONLY: Including the coordination of LIHTC with the development of affordable housing). 91.320(j)

Enhancing the Availability, Accessibility, and Quality of Affordable Housing is a high priority goal

that includes the following objectives: 1) Increase Affordable Rental Housing, through New Construction and Rehabilitation; 2) Increase Affordable Owner-occupied Housing, through: Partnering with Community Housing Development Organizations (CHDOs); Down Payment and closing cost assistance to CHDO and other home buyers; and Rehabilitation; 3) Increase Permanent Supportive Housing; 4) Support Energy Conservation/Efficiency in Affordable Housing Development; 5) Provide Broadband Internet in Affordable Housing Development; and 6) Provide Tenant-Based Rental Assistance.

The City addresses these objectives in its Annual Action Plan through its Owner Occupied and Rental Housing Rehabilitation programs with CDBG and HOME funds and through CDBG funds sub-granted to CAC and NHI for emergency and minor home repairs. The City outlined in its action plan that it seeks to fund new special needs (including elderly populations) housing construction through its Rental Housing Rehabilitation program. The City supports CHDO-developed new affordable housing construction in its action plan. The City created its own, locally funded Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund to assist non-profit and for-profit developers of new, affordable rental housing.

The City increased its commitment to affordable housing in May 2021, by establishing an ordinance creating the Knoxville Affordable Housing Fund. The Knoxville Affordable Housing Fund is a ten-year, \$50 M commitment to support the creation and preservation of safe, high quality, and affordable housing. Addressing these affordable housing concerns is a priority that supports not only the needs of local families, but also the community's efforts to revitalize neighborhoods that have experienced historical disinvestment, attract new business investment, and support workforce development, recruitment and retention. Beginning in PY2021-2022, the City contributed \$8.105 M, exceeding the \$5 M committed. The City continued to contribute to its own, locally funded Affordable Rental Development (ARD) Fund, adding another \$2.5M during the program year, for a total of \$15.1 M since July 2017.

During PY2021-2022, the City also supported private developers of affordable housing by assisting with documentation required by the State of Tennessee for tax credits through THDA and contributed \$200,000 in local funds to the East Tennessee Foundation's Affordable Housing Trust Fund to support affordable housing goals (including rental housing rehabilitation) in the city of Knoxville.

The City and its partners, with support from affordable housing advocates, continue to find new ways to meet the housing needs of its more vulnerable residents.