

**City of Knoxville – Proposed Middle Housing Dimensional Standards (Code 4.6.C) (REVISED 11/22/23)**

1. The dimensional standards of this Section supersede the base zoning district dimensional standards as defined in Article 4.
2. Table 4-4: Middle Housing Dimensional Standards establishes the dimensional standards for new construction of Middle Housing types within the permitted area.
3. Building setbacks:
  - a. Front setbacks for Middle Housing types shall be the average of the blockface, plus or minus five feet, in no case less than 10’.
  - b. Rear setbacks for Middle Housing types shall be no less than 15 feet.
4. Building heights shall not exceed the maximum building height of the base zoning district, or the maximum height in stories as noted in Table 4-4, whichever is less. For Middle Housing types, story and half-story are defined below.
  - a. Story: the portion of a building included between the surface of any floor and the surface of the next floor above it, or if there is no floor above, the space between the floor and the ceiling above. If the finished floor level directly above a basement or cellar is more than six feet above grade for more than 50 percent of the total perimeter, such basement or cellar shall be considered a story.
  - b. Half-Story: conditioned space that rests primarily underneath the slope of the roof, usually having dormer windows. The half story is identified by the ".5" in the description of maximum height (e.g., 2.5). A half-story is considered a story when its top wall plates, on at least two opposite exterior walls, are four feet or more above the floor of such story.
5. Dormers:
  - a. The combined width of dormers shall not exceed 50% of the width of the wall area beneath.
  - b. Dormers shall be set back from the nearest rake or eave by at least two feet.
6. Building width for Middle Housing types is defined as follows: the length of the building façade wall that does not include permitted encroachments, as measured along the foundation that generally faces the front lot line or a public space.
7. Building depth for Middle Housing types is defined as follows: the length of the building façade wall that does not include permitted encroachments, as measured along the foundation that generally faces an interior or corner side lot line or a public space.

Table 4-4: Middle Housing Dimensional Standards

Middle Housing type	Lot width with alley (min., ft.)	Lot width without alley (min., ft.)	Building height (max. stories)	Building width (max., ft.)	Building depth (max., ft.)	Interior side setbacks	Corner side setbacks
Duplex (side-by-side)	45'	50'	2	40'	55'	5'	8'
Duplex (stacked)	45'	50'	2	35'	50'	5'	8'
Triplex	45'	50'	2.5 -3	40'	55'	5'	10'
Fourplex	50'	50'	2.5	45'	60'	5'	10'
Townhouse (small)	18'/du	20'/du	2	25'/du	50'	5'	12'
Townhouse (large)	18'/du	20'/du	2.5	25'/du	55'	5'	12'
Multiplex (small)	70'	80'	2.5	75'	80'	5'	12'